



Count on it.

Form No. 3385-838 Rev B

Operator's Manual

Groundsmaster® 4500-D Rotary Mower

Model No. 30873—Serial No. 314000001 and Up

Model No. 30874—Serial No. 314000001 and Up



This product complies with all relevant European directives, for details please see the separate product specific Declaration of Conformity (DOC) sheet.

Because in some areas there are local, state, or federal regulations requiring that a spark arrester be used on the engine of this machine, a spark arrester is incorporated with the muffler assembly.

Genuine Toro spark arresters are approved by the USDA Forestry Service.

Important: This engine is equipped with a spark arrester muffler. It is a violation of California Public Resource Code Section 4442 to use or operate the engine on any forest-covered, brush-covered, or grass-covered land without a spark arrester muffler maintained in working order, or the engine constricted, equipped, and maintained for the prevention of fire. Other states or federal areas may have similar laws.

This spark ignition system complies with Canadian ICES-002

The enclosed *Engine Owner's Manual* is supplied for information regarding the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Emission Control Regulation of emission systems, maintenance, and warranty. Replacements may be ordered through the engine manufacturer.

⚠ WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Use of this product may cause exposure to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

This machine is a ride-on, rotary-blade lawnmower intended to be used by professional, hired operators in commercial applications. It is primarily designed for cutting grass on well-maintained lawns in parks, golf courses, sports fields, and on commercial grounds. It is not designed for cutting brush, mowing grass and other growth alongside highways, or for agricultural uses.

Read this information carefully to learn how to operate and maintain your product properly and to avoid injury and product damage. You are responsible for operating the product properly and safely.

You may contact Toro directly at www.Toro.com for product and accessory information, help finding a dealer, or to register your product.

Whenever you need service, genuine Toro parts, or additional information, contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Toro Customer Service and have the model and serial numbers of your product ready. [Figure 1](#) identifies the location of the model and serial numbers on the right front frame member of the product. Write the numbers in the space provided.

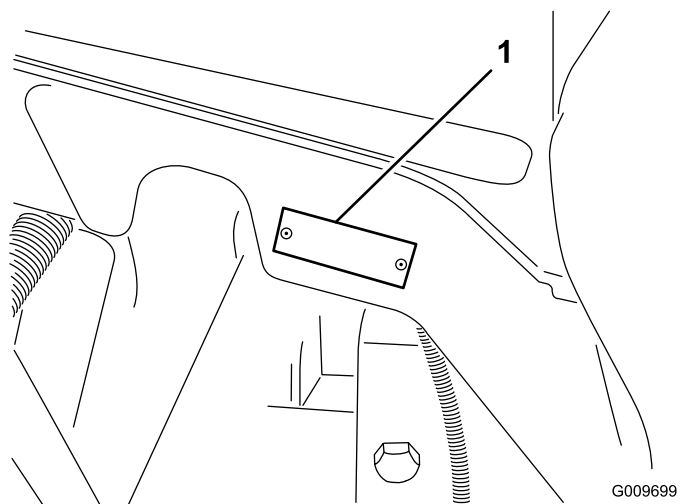


Figure 1

1. Model and serial number location

Model No. _____

Serial No. _____

This manual identifies potential hazards and has safety messages identified by the safety alert symbol ([Figure 2](#)), which signals a hazard that may cause serious injury or death if you do not follow the recommended precautions.

Introduction



g000502

Figure 2
Safety-alert symbol

This manual uses two other words to highlight information. **Important** calls attention to special mechanical information and **Note** emphasizes general information worthy of special attention.

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Safety

This machine meets or exceeds CEN standard EN 836:1997 (when appropriate decals applied), and ANSI B71.4-2012 specifications in effect at the time of production.

Improper use or maintenance by the operator or owner can result in injury. To reduce the potential for injury, comply with these safety instructions and always pay attention to the safety alert symbol, which means CAUTION, WARNING, or DANGER—"personal safety instruction." Failure to comply with the instruction may result in personal injury or death.

Safe Operating Practices

The following instructions are adapted from the CEN standard EN 836:1997, ISO standard 5395:1990, and ANSI B71.4-2012.

Training

- Read the operator's manual and other training material carefully. Be familiar with the controls, safety signs, and the proper use of the equipment.
- If the operator or mechanic can not read the language of this manual, it is the owner's responsibility to explain this material to them.
- Never allow children or people unfamiliar with these instructions to use or service the mower. Local regulations may restrict the age of the operator.
- Never mow while people, especially children, or pets are nearby.
- Keep in mind that the operator or user is responsible for accidents or hazards occurring to other people or their property.
- Do not carry passengers.
- All drivers and mechanics should seek and obtain professional and practical instruction. The owner is responsible for training the users. Such instruction should emphasize:
 - the need for care and concentration when working with ride-on machines;
 - control of a ride-on machine sliding on a slope will not be regained by the application of the brake. The main reasons for loss of control are:
 - ◇ insufficient wheel grip;
 - ◇ being driven too fast;
 - ◇ inadequate braking;
 - ◇ the type of machine is unsuitable for the task;

◇ lack of awareness of the effect of ground conditions, especially slopes;

- The owner/user can prevent and is responsible for accidents or injuries occurring to himself or herself, other people, or property.

Preparation

- While mowing, always wear substantial footwear, long trousers, hard hat, safety glasses, and hearing protection. Long hair, loose clothing, or jewelry may get tangled in moving parts. Do not operate the equipment when barefoot or wearing open sandals.
- Thoroughly inspect the area where the equipment is to be used and remove all objects which may be thrown by the machine.
- Replace faulty silencers/mufflers.
- Evaluate the terrain to determine what accessories and attachments are needed to properly and safely perform the job. Only use accessories and attachments approved by the manufacturer.
- Check that operator's presence controls, safety switches and shields are attached and functioning properly. Do not operate unless they are functioning properly.

Safe Handling of Fuels

- To avoid personal injury or property damage, use extreme care in handling gasoline. Gasoline is extremely flammable and the vapors are explosive.
- Extinguish all cigarettes, cigars, pipes, and other sources of ignition.
- Use only an approved fuel container.
- Never remove fuel cap or add fuel with the engine running.
- Allow engine to cool before refueling.
- Never refuel the machine indoors.
- Never store the machine or fuel container where there is an open flame, spark, or pilot light such as on a water heater or on other appliances.
- Never fill containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed with a plastic liner. Always place containers on the ground away from your vehicle before filling.
- Remove equipment from the truck or trailer and refuel it on the ground. If this is not possible, then refuel such equipment with a portable container, rather than from a fuel dispenser nozzle.
- Keep the nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete. Do not use a nozzle lock open device.

- If fuel is spilled on clothing, change clothing immediately.
- Never overfill fuel tank. Replace fuel cap and tighten securely.

Operation

- Do not operate the engine in a confined space where dangerous carbon monoxide fumes can collect.
- Mow only in daylight or in good artificial light.
- Before attempting to start the engine, disengage all blade attachment clutches and engage the parking brake.
- Do not put hands or feet near or under rotating parts. Keep clear of the discharge opening at all times.
- Remember there is no such thing as a safe slope. Travel on grass slopes requires particular care. To guard against overturning:
 - do not stop or start suddenly when going up or downhill;
 - machine speeds should be kept low on slopes and during tight turns;
 - stay alert for humps and hollows and other hidden hazards;
 - never mow across the face of the slope, unless the mower is designed for this purpose.
 - Use counterweight(s) or wheel weights when suggested in the operator's manual.
- Stay alert for holes in the terrain and other hidden hazards.
- Watch out for traffic when crossing or near roadways.
- Stop the blades from rotating before crossing surfaces other than grass.
- Never operate the machine with damaged guards, shields, or without safety protective devices in place. Be sure all interlocks are attached, adjusted properly, and functioning properly.
- Before leaving the operator's position:
 - stop on level ground;
 - disengage the power take-off and lower the attachments;
 - set the parking brake;
 - stop the engine and remove the key.

Important: Allow engine to idle for 5 minutes before shutting it off after a full load operation. Failure to do so may lead to turbo-charger trouble.

- Stop the engine
 - before refuelling;

- before making height adjustment .
- before clearing blockages;
- before checking, cleaning or working on the mower;
- after striking a foreign object or if an abnormal vibration occurs. Inspect the mower for damage and make repairs before restarting and operating the equipment.
- Reduce the engine speed setting during engine run-out.
- Keep hands and feet away from the cutting units.
- Look behind and down before backing up to be sure of a clear path.
- Slow down and use caution when making turns and crossing roads and sidewalks. Stop blades from rotating.
- Be aware of the mower discharge direction and do not point it at anyone.
- Do not operate the mower under the influence of alcohol or drugs
- Lightning can cause severe injury or death. If lightning is seen or thunder is heard in the area, do not operate the machine; seek shelter.
- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or truck
- Use care when approaching blind corners, shrubs, trees, or other objects that may obscure vision.

Maintenance and Storage

- Keep all nuts, bolts and screws tight to be sure the equipment is in safe working condition.
- Never store the equipment with fuel in the tank inside a building where fumes may reach an open flame or spark.
- Allow the engine to cool before storing in any enclosure.
- To reduce the fire hazard, keep the engine, silencer/muffler, battery compartment and fuel storage area free of grass, leaves, or excessive grease.
- Keep all parts in good working condition and all hardware and hydraulic fittings tightened. Replace all worn or damaged parts and decals.
- If the fuel tank has to be drained, do this outdoors.
- Be careful during adjustment of the machine to prevent entrapment of the fingers between moving blades and fixed parts of the machine.
- On multi-spindle mowers, take care as rotating one blade can cause other blades to rotate.
- Disengage drives, lower the cutting units, set parking brake, stop engine and remove ignition

key. Wait for all movement to stop before adjusting, cleaning or repairing.

- Clean grass and debris from cutting units, drives, silencers/mufflers, and engine to help prevent fires. Clean up oil or fuel spillage.
- Use jack stands to support components when required.
- Carefully release pressure from components with stored energy.
- Disconnect battery before making any repairs. Disconnect the negative terminal first and the positive last. Reconnect positive first and negative last.
- Use care when checking the blades. Wear gloves and use caution when servicing them.
- Keep hands and feet away from moving parts. If possible, do not make adjustments with the engine running.
- Charge batteries in an open well ventilated area, away from spark and flames. Unplug charger before connecting or disconnecting from battery. Wear protective clothing and use insulated tools.
- Store the machine with the cutting units in the lowered position or secure the wing decks with the storage latches to prevent them from unintentionally lowering.

Hauling

- Use care when loading or unloading the machine into a trailer or truck.
- Use full width ramps for loading machine into trailer or truck.
- Tie the machine down securely using straps, chains, cable, or ropes. Both front and rear straps should be directed down and outward from the machine

Toro Riding Mower Safety

The following list contains safety information specific to Toro products or other safety information that you must know that is not included in the CEN, ISO, or ANSI standard.

This product is capable of amputating hands and feet and throwing objects. Always follow all safety instructions to avoid serious injury or death.

Use of this product for purposes other than its intended use could prove dangerous to user and bystanders.

WARNING

Engine exhaust contains carbon monoxide, which is an odorless, deadly poison that can kill you.

Do not run engine indoors or in an enclosed area.

- Know how to stop the engine quickly.
- Do not operate the machine while wearing tennis shoes or sneakers.
- Wearing safety shoes and long pants is advisable and required by some local ordinances and insurance regulations.
- Handle fuel carefully. Wipe up any spills.
- Check the safety interlock switches daily for proper operation. If a switch should fail, replace the switch before operating the machine.
- Before starting the engine, sit on the seat.
- Using the machine demands attention. To prevent loss of control:
 - Do not drive close to sand traps, ditches, creeks, embankments, or other hazards.
 - Reduce speed when making sharp turns. Avoid sudden stops and starts.
 - When near or crossing roads, always yield the right-of-way.
 - Apply the service brakes when going downhill to keep forward speed slow and to maintain control of the machine.
- When operating a machine with ROPS (roll-over protection system) never remove the ROPS and always use the seat belt.
- Raise the cutting units when driving from one work area to another.
- Do not touch the engine, silencer/muffler, or exhaust pipe while the engine is running or soon after it has stopped because these areas could be hot enough to cause burns.
- On any hill, there is the possibility of tipping or rolling over, but the risk increases as the slope angle increases. Steep hills should be avoided.

Cutting units must be lowered when going down slopes to maintain steering control
- Engage traction drive slowly, always keep foot on traction pedal, especially when traveling downhill.

Use reverse on traction pedal for braking.
- If the machine stalls when climbing a slope, do not turn the machine around. Always back slowly, straight down the slope.
- When a person or pet appears unexpectedly in or near the mowing area, stop mowing. Careless operation, combined with terrain angles, ricochets,

or improperly positioned guards can lead to thrown object injuries. Do not resume mowing until the area is cleared.

Maintenance and Storage

- Make sure all hydraulic line connectors are tight and all hydraulic hoses and lines are in good condition before applying pressure to the system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject hydraulic fluid under high pressure. Use paper or cardboard, not your hands, to search for leaks. Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate the skin and cause serious injury. Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin.
- Before disconnecting or performing any work on the hydraulic system, all pressure in the system must be relieved by stopping the engine and lowering the cutting units and attachments to the ground.
- Check all fuel lines for tightness and wear on a regular basis. Tighten or repair them as needed.
- If the engine must be running to perform a maintenance adjustment, keep hands, feet, clothing, and any parts of the body away from the cutting units, attachments, and any moving parts.
- To ensure safety and accuracy, have an Authorized Toro Distributor check the maximum engine speed with a tachometer.
- If major repairs are ever needed or if assistance is desired, contact an Authorized Toro Distributor.
- Use only Toro-approved attachments and replacement parts. The warranty may be voided if used with unapproved attachments.

Sound Power Level

Groundsmaster 4500

This unit has a guaranteed sound power level of 104 dBA, which includes an Uncertainty Value (K) of 0.7 dBA.

Sound power level was determined according to the procedures outlined in ISO 11094.

Groundsmaster 4700

This unit has a guaranteed sound power level of 105 dBA, which includes an Uncertainty Value (K) of 0.7 dBA.

Sound power level was determined according to the procedures outlined in ISO 11094.

Sound Pressure Level

Groundsmaster 4500

This unit has a sound pressure level at the operator's ear of 88 dBA, which includes an Uncertainty Value (K) of 0.7 dBA.

Sound pressure level was determined according to the procedures outlined in EN 836.

Groundsmaster 4700

This unit has a sound pressure level at the operator's ear of 89 dBA, which includes an Uncertainty Value (K) of 0.7 dBA.

Sound pressure level was determined according to the procedures outlined in EN 836.

Vibration Level

Groundsmaster 4500

Hand-Arm

Measured vibration level for right hand = 0.8 m/s²

Measured vibration level for left hand = 0.8 m/s²

Uncertainty Value (K) = 0.4 m/s²

Measured values were determined according to the procedures outlined in EN 836.

Whole Body

Measured vibration level = .2 m/s²

Uncertainty Value (K) = 0.1 m/s²

Measured values were determined according to the procedures outlined in EN 836.

Groundsmaster 4700

Hand-Arm

Measured vibration level for right hand = 0.4 m/s²

Measured vibration level for left hand = 0.4 m/s^2

Uncertainty Value (K) = 0.2 m/s^2

Measured values were determined according to the procedures outlined in EN 836.

Whole Body

Measured vibration level = $.2 \text{ m/s}^2$

Uncertainty Value (K) = 0.1 m/s^2

Measured values were determined according to the procedures outlined in EN 836.

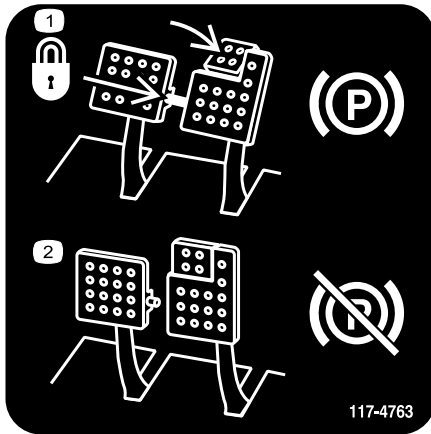
Engine Emission Certification

The engine in this machine is EPA Tier 4i and stage 3a compliant.

Safety and Instructional Decals



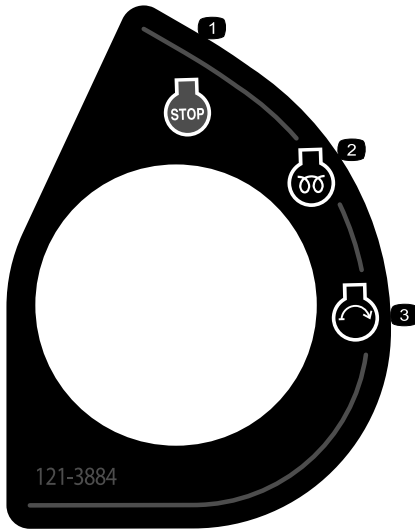
Safety decals and instructions are easily visible to the operator and are located near any area of potential danger. Replace any decal that is damaged or lost.



117-4763

decal117-4763

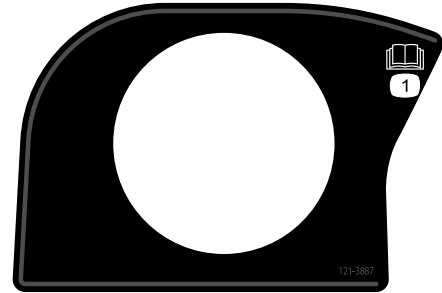
1. To engage the parking brake, secure the brake pedals with the locking pin, press the parking brake pedals and engage the toe pedal.
2. To disengage the parking brake, disengage the locking pin and release the pedals.



121-3884

decal121-3884

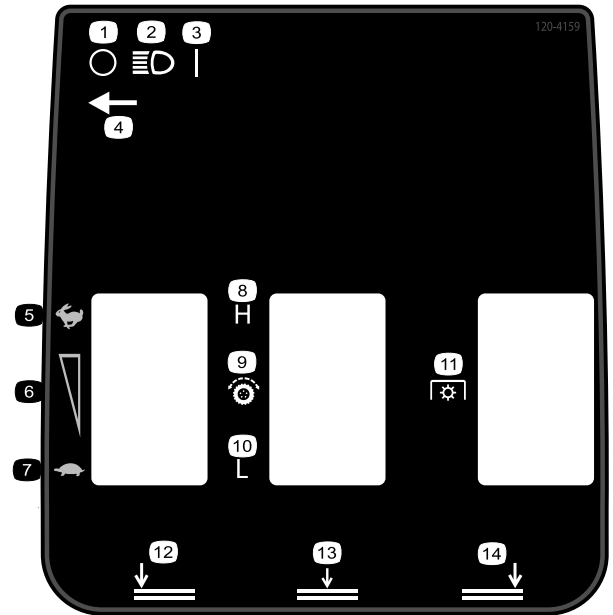
1. Engine—stop
2. Engine—preheat
3. Engine—start



121-3887

decal121-3887

1. Read the *Operator's Manual*.

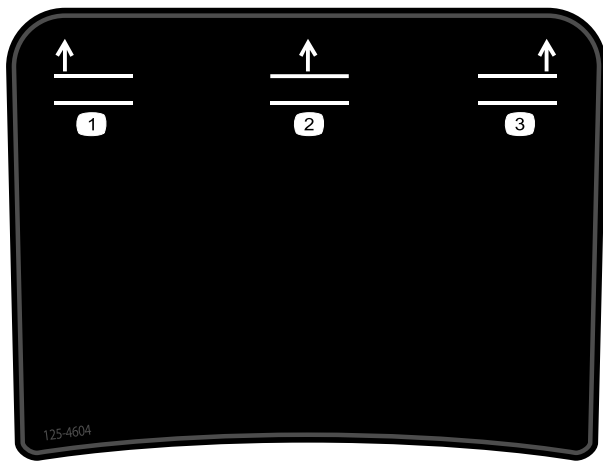


120-4159

decal120-4159

Groundsmaster 4700 Shown

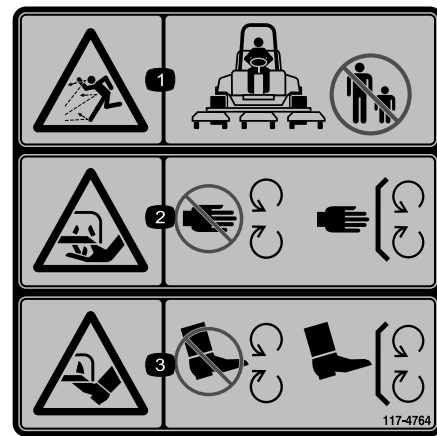
- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Off | 8. High |
| 2. Lights | 9. Traction drive |
| 3. On | 10. Low |
| 4. Light switch location | 11. Power take-off (PTO) |
| 5. Fast | 12. Lower left deck |
| 6. Variable speed adjustment | 13. Lower center deck |
| 7. Slow | 14. Lower right deck |



125-4604

1. Raise left deck
2. Raise center deck
3. Raise right deck

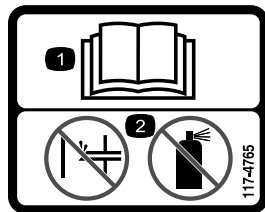
decal125-4604



117-4764

1. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
2. Cutting hazard of hand, mower blade—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.
3. Cutting hazard of foot, mower blade—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.

decal117-4764



117-4765

1. Read the *Operator's Manual*.
2. Do not use starting aids.

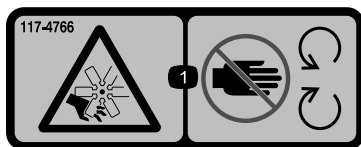
decal117-4765



98-4387

1. Warning—wear hearing protection.

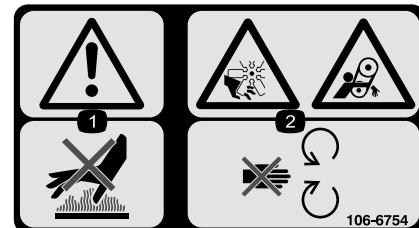
decal98-4387



117-4766

1. Cutting/dismemberment hazard; fan—stay away from moving parts, keep all guards and shields in place.

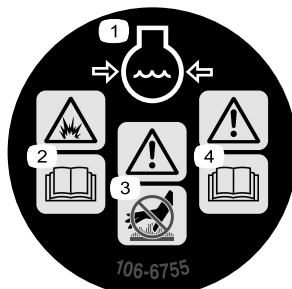
decal117-4766



106-6754

1. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
2. Cutting/dismemberment hazard, fan and entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts.

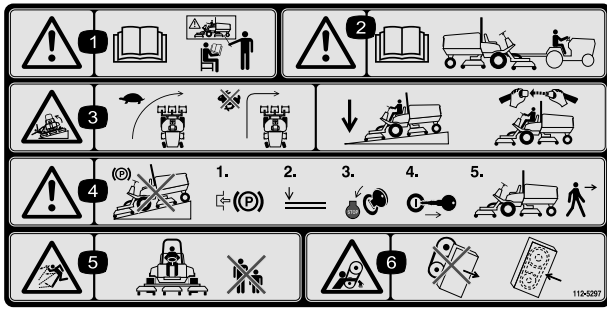
decal106-6754



106-6755

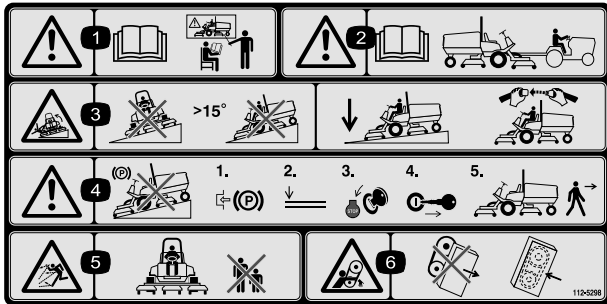
1. Engine coolant under pressure.
2. Explosion hazard—read the *Operator's Manual*.
3. Warning—do not touch the hot surface.
4. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*.

decal106-6755



112-5297

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*; do not operate the machine unless you are trained.
2. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual* before towing the machine.
3. Tipping hazard—turn at low speeds; do not turn at high speeds; lower the cutting unit when driving down slopes; use a roll over protection system and wear the seatbelt.
4. Warning—do not park the machine on slopes; engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key before leaving the machine.
5. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders away.
6. Entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts; keep all guards and shields in place.

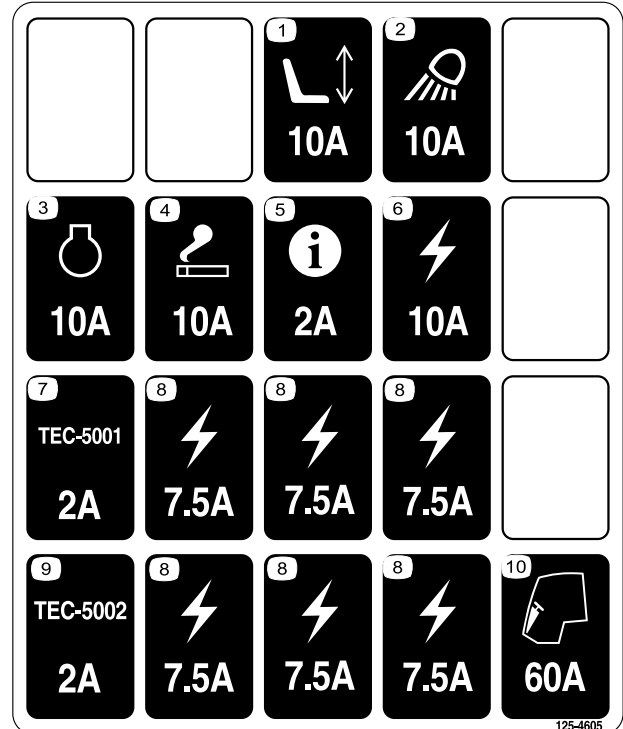


112-5298

(Affix over part no. 112-5297 for CE*)

* This safety decal includes a slope warning required on the machine for compliance to the European Lawn Mower Safety Standard EN836:1997. The conservative maximum slope angles indicated for operation of this machine are prescribed by and required by this standard.

1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual*, do not operate this machine unless you are trained.
2. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual* before towing the machine.
3. Tipping hazard—do not operate on slopes greater than 15°; lower the cutting units when operating on slopes; wear the safety belt.
4. Warning—do not park the machine on slopes; engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, stop the engine and remove the ignition key before leaving the machine.
5. Thrown object hazard—keep bystanders a safe distance from the machine.
6. Entanglement hazard, belt—stay away from moving parts, keep all guards and shields in place.



125-4605

125-4605

1. Power seat, 10A
2. Work light, 10A
3. Engine, 10A
4. Cigarette lighter, 10A
5. Infocenter, 2A
6. Power supplied, 10A
7. TEC-5001, 2A
8. Power supplied, 7.5A
9. TEC-5002, 2A
10. Cab, 60A

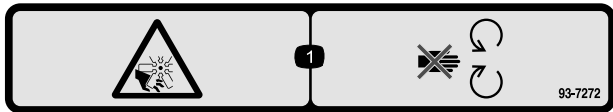


decalbatterysymbols

Battery Symbols

Some or all of these symbols are on your battery

1. Explosion hazard
2. No fire, open flame, or smoking.
3. Caustic liquid/chemical burn hazard
4. Wear eye protection
5. Read the *Operator's Manual*.
6. Keep bystanders a safe distance from the battery.
7. Wear eye protection; explosive gases can cause blindness and other injuries
8. Battery acid can cause blindness or severe burns.
9. Flush eyes immediately with water and get medical help fast.
10. Contains lead; do not discard.



decal93-7272

93-7272

1. Cutting/dismemberment hazard; fan—stay away from moving parts.

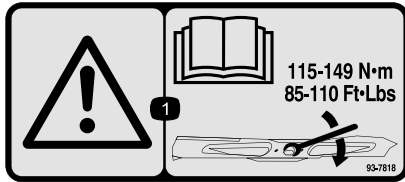
CALIFORNIA SPARK ARRESTER WARNING

Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation. A spark arrester may be required. The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.

117-2718

decal117-2718

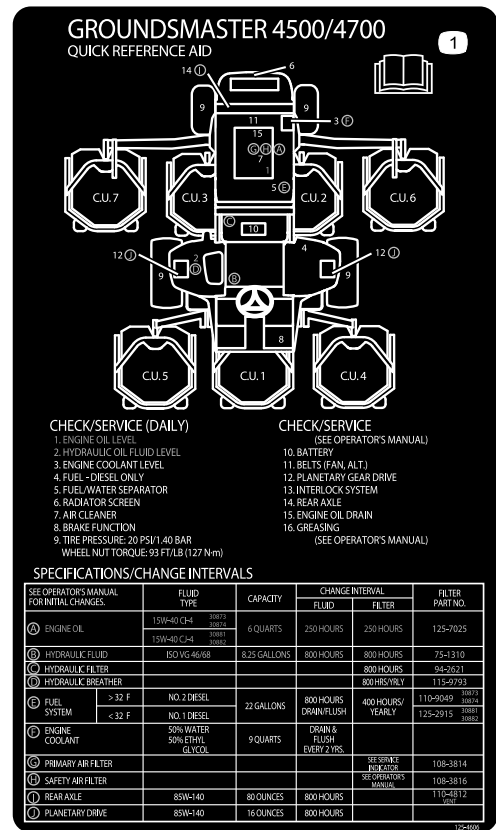
117-2718



decal93-7818

93-7818

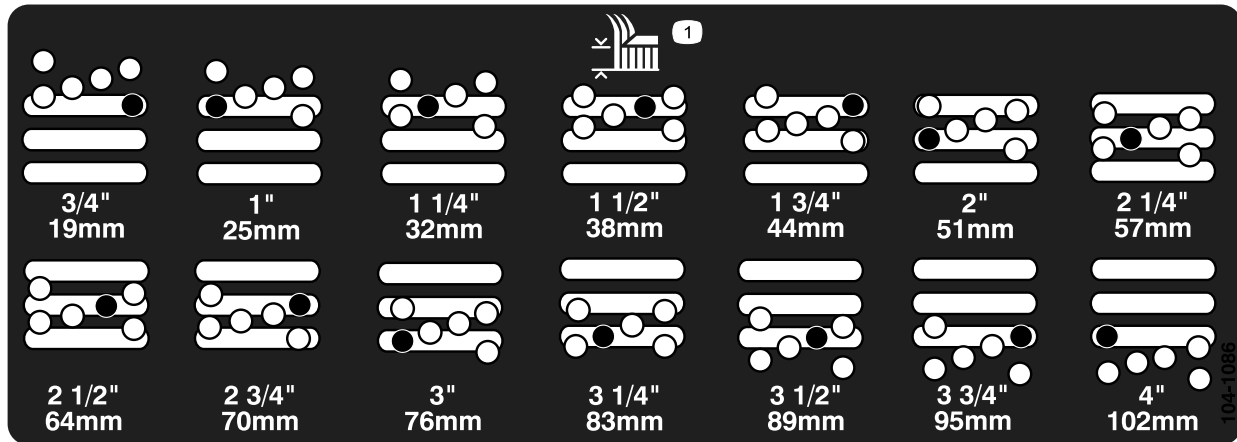
1. Warning—read the *Operator's Manual* for instructions on torquing the blade bolt/nut to 115-149 N-m (85-110 ft-lb).



decal125-4606

125-4606

1. Read the *Operator's Manual* for information on maintenance.



decal104-1086

104-1086

1. Height of cut

Setup

Loose Parts

Use the chart below to verify that all parts have been shipped.

Procedure	Description	Qty.	Use
1	Warning decal (107–1972) Warning decal (112–5298)	3 1	Install the CE decals, if required.
2	Lock bracket Rivet Washer Screw, 1/4 x 2 inches Locknut, 1/4 inch	1 2 1 1 1	Install the Hood Latch (CE).
3	No parts required	–	Adjust the height-of-cut
4	No parts required	–	Adjust the roller scraper (Optional)
5	No parts required	–	Install the mulching baffle (Optional)
6	No parts required	–	Grease the machine.
7	No parts required	–	Check the rear axle lubricant, hydraulic fluid, and engine oil levels

Media and Additional Parts

Description	Qty.	Use
Operator's Manual	1	Read before operating machine
Engine Operator's Manual	1	Read before operating engine
Parts Catalog	1	Use to reference part numbers
Operator Training Material	1	View before operating machine

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

1

Installing the CE Decals

Parts needed for this procedure:

3	Warning decal (107–1972)
1	Warning decal (112–5298)

Procedure

If this machine will be used for CE, affix the CE warning decals over the corresponding English warning decals.

2

Installing the Hood Latch (CE Only)

Parts needed for this procedure:

1	Lock bracket
2	Rivet
1	Washer
1	Screw, 1/4 x 2 inches
1	Locknut, 1/4 inch

Procedure

1. Unhook the hood latch from the hood latch bracket.

2. Remove the (2) rivets securing the hood latch bracket to the hood ([Figure 3](#)). Remove the hood latch bracket from the hood.

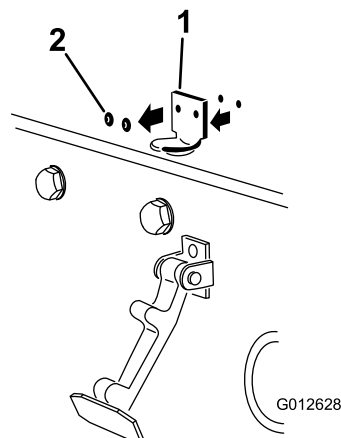


Figure 3

1. Hood latch bracket
2. Rivets

3. While aligning the mounting holes, position the CE lock bracket and the hood latch bracket onto the hood. The lock bracket must be against the hood ([Figure 4](#)). Do not remove bolt and nut assembly from the lock bracket arm.

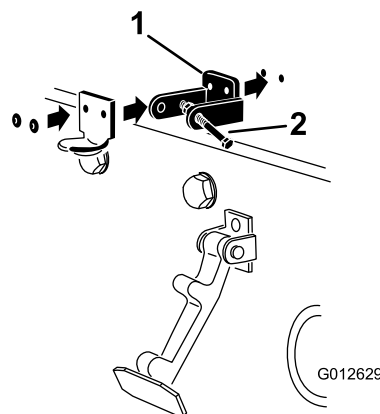


Figure 4

1. CE lock bracket
2. Bolt and nut assembly

4. Align the washers with the holes on the inside of the hood.
5. Rivet the brackets and the washers to the hood ([Figure 4](#)).
6. Hook the latch onto the hood latch bracket ([Figure 5](#)).

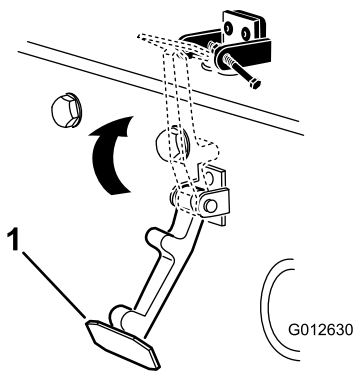


Figure 5

1. Hood latch

7. Screw the bolt into the other arm of hood lock bracket to lock the latch in position (Figure 6). Tighten bolt securely but do not tighten nut.

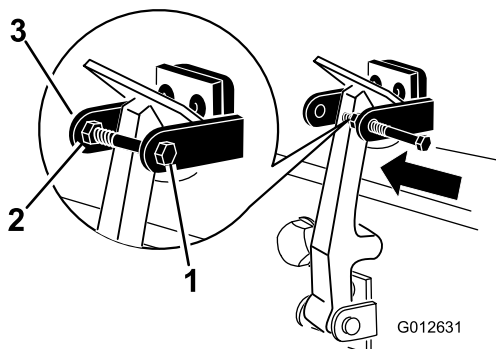


Figure 6

1. Bolt
2. Nut
3. Arm of hood lock bracket

right, remove the rear cutting unit, and slide it out to the right side.

1. Lower the cutting deck to the ground, stop the engine, and remove the key from ignition switch.
2. Loosen the bolt securing each height-of-cut bracket to the height-of-cut plate (front and each side) (Figure 7).
3. Beginning with front adjustment, remove the bolt.

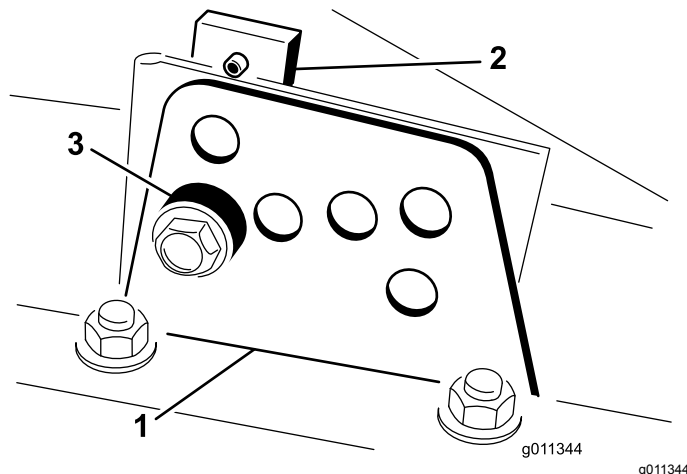


Figure 7

1. Height of cut bracket
2. Height of cut plate
3. Spacer

4. While supporting the chamber, remove the spacer (Figure 7).
5. Move the chamber to the desired height-of-cut and install a spacer into the designated height-of-cut hole and slot (Figure 8).

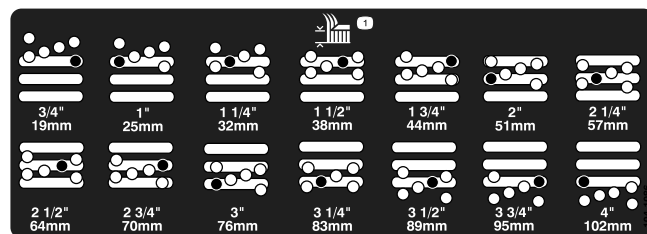


Figure 8

3

Adjusting the Height-of-Cut

No Parts Required

Procedure

Important: This cutting deck often cuts approximately 6 mm (1/4 inch) lower than a reel cutting unit with the same bench setting. It may be necessary to have these rotary cutting deck's bench set 6 mm (1/4 inch) above that of reels cutting in the same area.

Important: Access to the rear cutting units is greatly improved by removing the cutting unit from the tractor. If the unit is equipped with a Sidewinder®, sidewind the cutting units to the

6. Position the tapped plate in line with the spacer.
7. Install the bolt finger tight.
8. Repeat steps 4-7 for each side adjustment.
9. Tighten all three bolts to 41 N-m (30 ft-lb). Always tighten the front bolt first.

Note: Adjustments of more than 3.8 cm (1-1/2 inches) may require temporary assembly to an intermediate height to prevent binding (e.g. changing from 3.1 to 7 cm (1.25 to 2.75 inch) height-of-cut).

4

Adjusting the Roller Scraper (Optional)

No Parts Required

Procedure

The optional rear roller scraper is designed to work best when there is an even gap of 0.5 to 1 mm (0.020–0.040 inch) between the scraper and roller.

1. Loosen the grease fitting and the mounting screw (Figure 9).

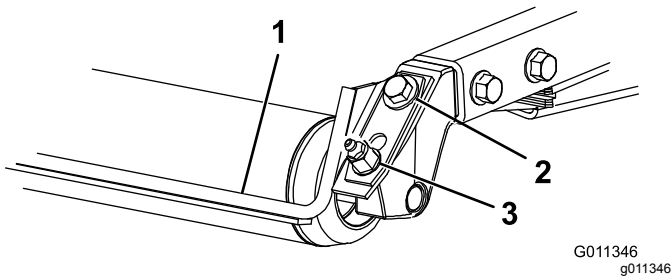


Figure 9

1. Roller scraper
 2. Mounting screw
 3. Grease fitting
2. Slide the scraper up or down until a gap of 0.5 to 1 mm (0.020 to 0.040 inch) is achieved between the rod and the roller.
 3. Secure the grease fitting and screw to 41 N-m (30 ft-lb) in an alternating sequence.

5

Installing the Mulching Baffle (Optional)

No Parts Required

Procedure

1. Thoroughly clean debris from the mounting holes on the rear wall and left side wall of the chamber.
2. Install the mulching baffle in the rear opening and secure it with 5 flange head bolts (Figure 10).

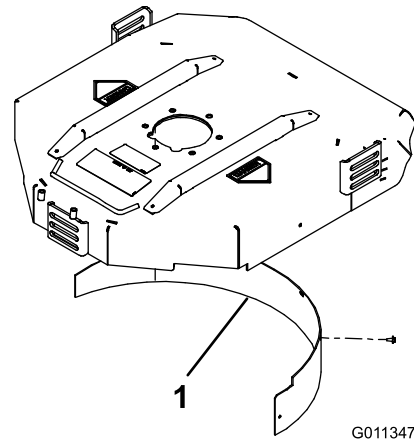


Figure 10

1. Mulching baffle

3. Verify that mulching baffle does not interfere with the tip of the blade and does not protrude inside the surface of the rear chamber wall.

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the high lift blade with the mulching baffle. The blade could break, resulting in personal injury or death.

6

Greasing the Machine

No Parts Required

Procedure

Before the machine is operated, it must be greased to ensure proper lubrication. Refer to Lubrication section. Failure to properly grease the machine will result in premature failure of critical parts.

7

Checking Fluid Levels

No Parts Required

Procedure

1. Check the rear axle lubricant level before the engine is first started, refer to Checking the Rear Axle Lubricant in Drive System Maintenance.

2. Check the hydraulic fluid level before the engine is first started, refer to Checking the Hydraulic Fluid Level in Operation.
3. Check the engine oil level before and after the engine is first started, refer to Checking the Engine Oil Level in Operation.

Product Overview

Controls

Brake Pedals

Two foot pedals ([Figure 11](#)) operate individual wheel brakes for turning assistance and to aid in obtaining better side hill traction.

Pedal Locking Latch

The pedal locking latch ([Figure 11](#)) connects the pedals together to engage the parking brake.

Parking Brake Pedal

To engage the parking brake, ([Figure 11](#)) connect the pedals together with the pedal locking latch, push down on the right brake pedal while engaging the toe pedal. To release the parking brake, press one of the brake pedals until the parking brake latch retracts.

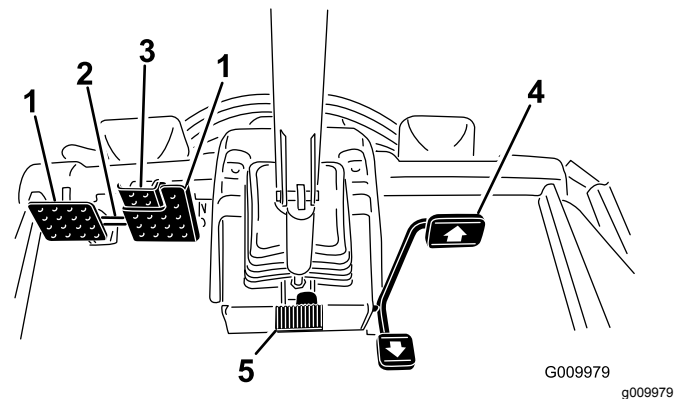


Figure 11

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Brake pedal | 4. Traction pedal |
| 2. Pedal locking latch | 5. Tilt steering pedal |
| 3. Parking brake pedal | |

Traction Pedal

The traction pedal ([Figure 11](#)) controls forward and reverse operation. Depress the top of the pedal to move forward and the bottom to move backward.

To stop, reduce your foot pressure on the traction pedal and allow it to return to the center position.

Tilt Steering Pedal

To tilt the steering wheel towards you, press the foot pedal ([Figure 11](#)) down, and pull the steering tower toward you to the most comfortable position and then release the pedal.

Key Switch

The key switch (Figure 12) has three positions: Off, On/Preheat, and Start.

PTO Switch

The PTO switch (Figure 12) has two positions: Out (start) and In (stop). Pull the PTO button out to engage the cutting unit blades. Push in the button to disengage the cutting unit blades.

Hi-Lo Speed Control

The switch (Figure 12) allows the speed range to increase for transport of the machine. To switch between the Hi and Lo speed ranges, the decks must be raised, the PTO must be disengaged, the traction pedal must be in the neutral position and the machine must be moving at a slow speed.

Note: The cutting decks will not operate and/or cannot be lowered from the transport position when the switch is in the high range.

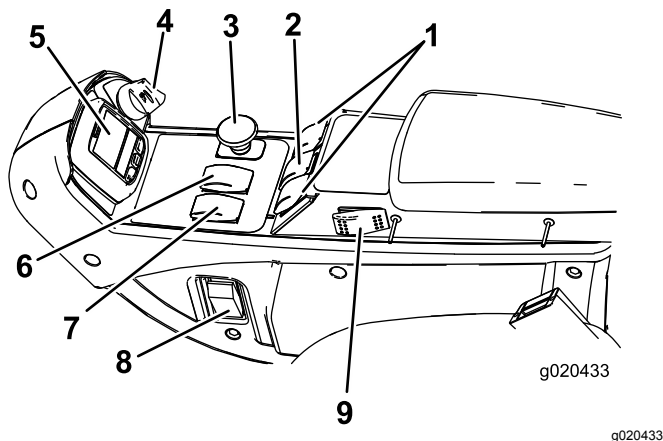


Figure 12

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Lift switches (GM 4700 only) | 6. Hi-Lo speed control |
| 2. Lift switch (GM 4500 and 4700) | 7. Engine speed switch |
| 3. PTO switch | 8. Light switch |
| 4. Key switch | 9. Cruise control |
| 5. InfoCenter | |

Lift Switches

The lift switches (Figure 12) raise and lower the cutting units. Press the switches forward to lower the cutting units and backward to raise the cutting units. When starting the machine, with the cutting units in the down position, press the lift switch down to allow the cutting units to float and mow.

Note: The decks will not lower while in the HI speed range and they will not raise or lower if the operator is

out of the seat when the engine is running. To lower the decks for service, rotate the key to the ON position while sitting in the seat.

Light Switch

Press the lower edge of the switch (Figure 12) to turn on the lights. Press the upper edge of the switch to turn off the lights.

Power Point

The power point (Figure 13) is used to power optional 12 volt electrical accessories.

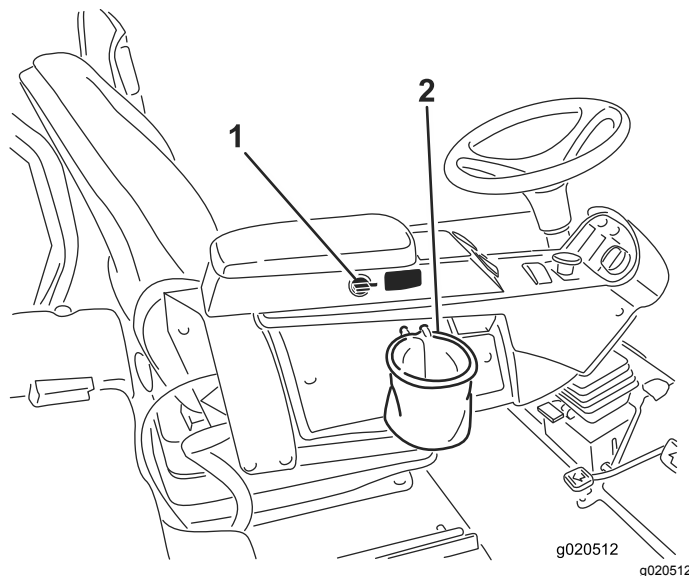


Figure 13

- | | |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1. Power point | 2. Bag holder |
|----------------|---------------|

Bag Holder

Use the bag holder (Figure 13) for storage.

Seat Adjustments

Fore and Aft Adjusting Lever

Pull out on the lever to slide the seat fore or aft (Figure 14).

Seat Arm Rest Adjusting Knob

Rotate the knob to adjust the seat arm rest angle.

Seat Back Adjusting Lever

Move the lever to adjust the seat back angle (Figure 14).

Weight gauge

Indicates when the seat is adjusted to the weight of the operator (Figure 14). Height adjustment is made

by positioning the suspension within the range of the green region.

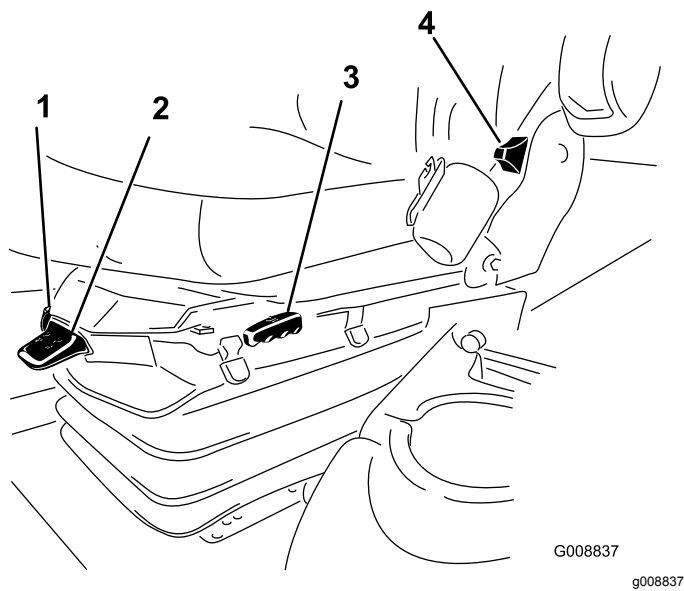


Figure 14

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. Weight gauge | 4. Seat back adjusting lever |
| 2. Weight adjusting lever | 5. Arm rest adjusting knob
(not shown-located under
arm rest) |
| 3. Fore and Aft adjusting
lever | |

Weight Adjusting Lever

Adjust for operator weight ([Figure 14](#)). Pull up on the lever to increase the air pressure and push down to decrease the air pressure. The proper adjustment is attained when the weight gauge is in the green region.

Using the InfoCenter LCD Display

The InfoCenter LCD display shows information about your machine such as the operating status, various diagnostics and other information about the machine (Figure 15). There is a splash screen and main information screen of the InfoCenter. You can switch between the splash screen and main information screen, at any time, by pressing any of the InfoCenter buttons and then selecting the appropriate directional arrow.

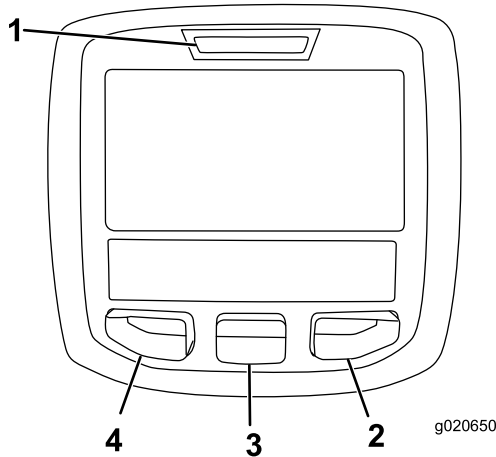


Figure 15

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. Indicator light | 3. Middle button |
| 2. Right button | 4. Left button |

- Left Button, Menu Access/Back Button—press this button to access the InfoCenter menus. You can use it to back out of any menu you are currently using.
- Middle Button—use this button to scroll down menus.
- Right Button—use this button to open a menu where a right arrow indicates additional content.
- Beeper—activated when lowering the decks or for advisories and faults.

Note: The purpose of each button may change depending on what is required at the time. Each button will be labeled with an icon displaying its current function.

InfoCenter Icon Description

SERVICE DUE	Indicates when scheduled service should be performed
	Engine RPM/status—indicates the engine RPM
	Info icon
	Sets the maximum traction speed
	Fast
	Slow
	Fan Reversal—indicates when the fan is reversed
	Stationary regeneration required
	Glow plug—indicates that the glow plug is active
	Raise left deck
	Raise center deck
	Raise right deck
	Operator must sit in seat
	Parking Brake Indicator—indicates when the parking brake is On
H	Identifies the range as Fast
N	Neutral
L	Identifies the range as Slow
	Coolant Temperature—indicates the engine coolant temperature in either °C or °F
	Temperature (hot)
	Traction or Traction Pedal
	Denied or not allowed
	Engine Start
	PTO—indicates the PTO is On

InfoCenter Icon Description (cont'd.)

	Stop or shutdown
	Engine
	Key switch
	Indicates when the cutting units are being lowered
	Indicates when the cutting units are being raised
PIN	PIN passcode
	Hydraulic Oil Temperature-indicates the hydraulic oil temperature
CAN	CAN bus
	InfoCenter
Bad	Bad or failed
Ctr	Center
Rht	Right
Left	Left
	Bulb
OUT	Output of TEC controller or control wire in harness
HI	High: over allowed range
LO	Low: under allowed range
HI / LO	Out of range
	Switch
	Operator must release switch
	Operator should change to indicated state
Symbols are often combined to form sentences. Some examples are shown below	

InfoCenter Icon Description (cont'd.)

	Operator should put machine in neutral
	Engine start denied
	Engine shutdown
	Engine coolant too hot
	Hydraulic oil too hot
	Sit down or set parking brake

Using the Menus

To access the InfoCenter menu system, press the menu access button while at the main screen. This will bring you to the main menu. Refer to the following tables for a synopsis of the options available from the menus:

Main Menu	
Menu Item	Description
Faults	The Faults menu contains a list of the recent machine faults. Refer to the Service Manual or your Authorized Toro Distributor for more information on the Faults menu and the information contained there.
Service	The Service menu contains information on the machine such as hours of use and other similar numbers.
Diagnostics	The Diagnostics menu lists various states that the machine currently has. You can use this to troubleshoot certain issues as it will quickly tell you which machine controls are on and which are off.
Settings	The Settings menu allows you to customize and modify configuration variables on the InfoCenter display.
About	The About menu lists the model number, serial number, and software version of your machine.

Service	
Menu Item	Description
Hours	Lists the total number of hours that the machine, engine and fan have been on, as well as the number of hours the machine has been transported and overheated.
Counts	Lists the number of preheats and starts the machine has experienced.

Diagnostics	
Menu Item	Description
Engine Run	Refer to the Service Manual or your Authorized Toro Distributor for more information on the Engine Run menu and the information contained there.

Glow Plugs	Indicates if the following items are active: Key start, time out limited, and glow plugs.
Fan	Indicates if the fan is active in the following instances: Engine high temp, oil high temp, engine or hydraulic high temp, and fan on.

Settings	
Menu Item	Description
Units	Controls the units used on the InfoCenter. The menu choices are English or Metric.
Language	Controls the language used on the InfoCenter*.
LCD Backlight	Controls the brightness of the LCD display.
LCD Contrast	Controls the contrast of the LCD display.
Protected Menus	Allows the maintenance director to access protected menus by inputting a passcode.
Auto Idle	Controls the time that before idling the engine when the machine not in use.
Mow Speed	Controls the maximum speed while in mow (low range).
Trans. Speed	Controls the maximum speed while in transport (high range).
Counterbalance	Controls the amount of counterbalance applied by the decks.
Smart Power	Prevents bogging down in heavy turf by automatically controlling the machine speed and optimizing cutting performance.

* Only "operator-faced" text is translated. Faults, Service, and Diagnostics screens are "service-faced". Titles will be in the selected language, but menu items are in English.

About	
Menu Item	Description
Model	Lists the model number of the machine.
SN	Lists the serial number of the machine.
S/W Rev	Lists the software revision of the master controller.
InfoCenter	Lists the software revision of the InfoCenter.
CAN Bus	Lists the machine communication bus status.

Using the Protected Menus

There are 5 operating configuration settings that are adjustable within the Settings Menu of the InfoCenter: auto idle, maximum mowing ground speed, maximum transport ground speed, Smart Power, and deck counterbalance. These settings are in the Protected Menu.

Accessing the Protected Menu Settings

To access the Protected Menu Settings

- From the Main Menu, scroll down to the Settings Menu and press the right button.
- In the Settings Menu, scroll down to the Protected Menu and press the right button.
- To enter the passcode, use the center button to set the first digit then press the right button to move on to the next digit.
- Use the center button to set the second digit then press the right button to move on to the next digit.
- Use the center button to set the third digit then press the right button to move on to the next digit.
- Use the center button to set the fourth digit then press the right button.
- Press the middle button to enter the code.

The ability to view and change the settings in the Protected Menu can be changed. Once the Protected Menu has been accessed, scroll down to Protect Settings. Using the right button, changing Protect Settings to OFF will allow the ability to view and change the settings in the Protected Menu without entering the passcode. Changing Protect Settings to ON will hide the protected options and will require entering a passcode to change the setting in the Protected Menu. After the passcode has been set, the key switch must be turned off and back on to enable and save this feature.

To Set the Auto Idle

- In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Auto Idle
- Press the right button to change the auto idle time between OFF, 8S, 10S, 15S, 20s, & 30S.

To Set the Mow Speed

- In the Settings Menu, Scroll down to Mow Speed and press the right button.
- Use the right button to increase the max full mow speed (50%, 75%, or 100%).
- Use the center button to decrease the max full mow speed (50%, 75%, or 100%).
- Press the left button to exit.

To Set the Transport Speed

- In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Transport Speed and press the right button.
- Use the right button to increase the max transport speed (50%, 75%, or 100%).
- Use the center button to decrease the max transport speed (50%, 75%, or 100%).
- Press the left button to exit.

To Turn Smart Power ON/OFF

- In the settings menu, scroll down to Smart Power.
- Press the right button to switch between ON and OFF.
- Press the left button to exit.

To Set the Counterbalance

- In the Settings Menu, scroll down to Counter Balance and press the right button.
- Press the right button to switch between Low, Med, and High.

When finished with the Protected Menu, press the left button to exit to the Main Menu, then press the left button to exit to the Run Menu.

Specifications

Note: Specifications and design are subject to change without notice.

	4500-D	4700-D
Width of cut	2.8 m (109 inches)	3.8 m (150 inches)
Overall width, cutting units down	286 cm (112.8 inches)	391 cm (153.8 inches)
Overall width, cutting units up (transport)	224 cm (88.25 inches)	224 cm (88.25 inches)
Overall length	370 cm (145.8 inches)	370 cm (145.8 inches)
Height with ROPS	216 cm (85 inches)	216 cm (85 inches)
Ground clearance	15 cm (6 inches)	15 cm (6 inches)
Track Width, front	224 cm (88.25 inches)	224 cm (88.25 inches)
Track Width, rear	141 cm (55.5 inches)	141 cm (55.5 inches)
Wheel base	171 cm (67-1/2 inches)	171 cm (67-1/2 inches)
Net Weight (with cutting units and no fluids)	1860 kg (4100 lb)	2200 kg (4850 lb)

Cutting Deck	
Length	86.4 cm (34 inches)
Width	86.4 cm (34 inches)
Height	24.4 cm (9.6 inches) to carrier mount 26.7 cm (10-1/2 inches) at 3/4 inch height of cut 34.9 cm (13-3/4 inches) at 4 inch height of cut
Weight	88 kg (195 pounds)

Attachments/Accessories

A selection of Toro approved attachments and accessories is available for use with the machine to enhance and expand its capabilities. Contact your Authorized Service Dealer or Distributor or go to www.Toro.com for a list of all approved attachments and accessories.

Operation

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

⚠ CAUTION

This machine produces sound levels in excess of 85 dBA at the operator's ear and can cause hearing loss through extended periods of exposure.

Wear hearing protection when operating this machine.

⚠ CAUTION

If you leave the key in the ignition switch, someone could accidentally start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the ignition before you do any maintenance.

Checking the Engine Oil Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The engine is shipped with oil in the crankcase; however, the oil level must be checked before and after the engine is first started.

The crankcase capacity is approximately 5.7 liters (6 qts.) with the filter.

Use high-quality engine oil that meets the following specifications:

- API Classification Level Required: CH-4, CI-4 or higher.
- Preferred oil: SAE 15W-40 (above 0°F)
- Alternate oil: SAE 10W-30 or 5W-30 (all temperatures)

Note: Toro Premium Engine oil is available from your distributor in either 15W-40 or 10W-30 viscosity. See the parts catalog for part numbers.

Note: The best time to check the engine oil is when the engine is cool before it has been started for the day. If it has already been run, allow the oil to drain back down to the sump for at least 10 minutes before checking. If the oil level is at or below the 'add' mark on the dipstick, add oil to bring the oil level to the 'full' mark. **Do not overfill.** If the oil level is between the 'full' and 'add' marks, no oil addition is required.

1. Park the machine on a level surface.

2. Unlock the engine cover latches and open the engine cover.
3. Remove the dipstick, wipe it clean, install the dipstick into the tube, and pull it out again.

The oil level should be in the safe range (Figure 16).

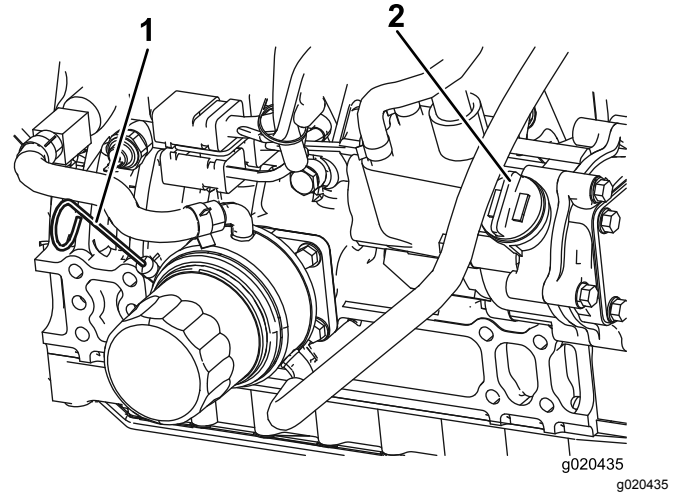


Figure 16

1. Dipstick
2. Oil fill cap

4. If the oil is below the safe range, remove the fill cap (Figure 16) and add oil until the level reaches the FULL mark. **Do not overfill.**

Note: When using different oil, drain all old oil from the crankcase before adding new oil.

5. Install the oil fill cap and dipstick.
6. Close the engine cover and secure it with the latches.

Checking the Cooling System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Check level of coolant at the beginning of each day. Capacity of system is 8.5 liters (9 qts.).

1. Carefully remove the radiator cap.

⚠ CAUTION

If the engine has been running, the pressurized, hot coolant can escape and cause burns.

- Do not open the radiator cap when the engine is running.
- Use a rag when opening the radiator cap, and open the cap slowly to allow steam to escape.

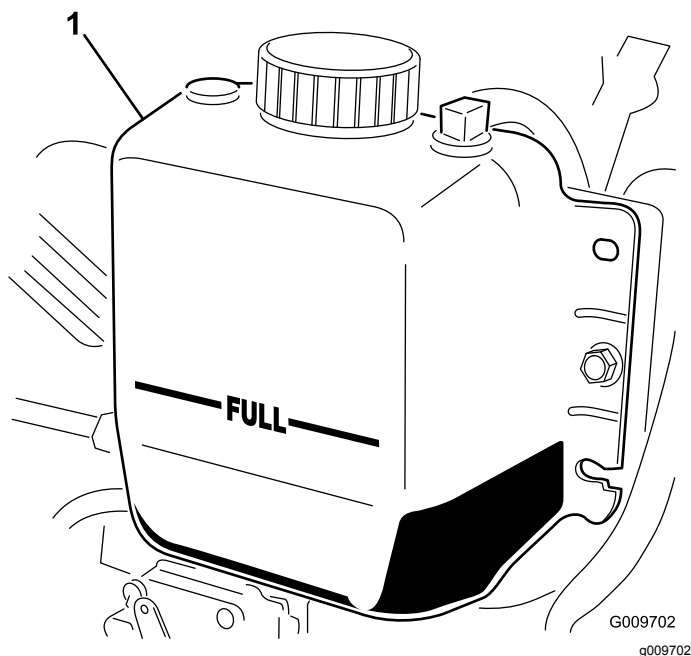


Figure 17

1. Expansion tank

2. Check the coolant level in the radiator. The radiator should be filled to the top of the filler neck and the expansion tank filled to the FULL mark (Figure 17).
3. If the coolant is low, add a 50/50 mixture of water and ethylene glycol anti freeze. Do not use water only or alcohol/methanol base coolants.
4. Install the radiator cap and expansion tank cap.

Filling the Fuel Tank

Use only clean, fresh diesel fuel or biodiesel fuels with low (<500 ppm) or ultra low (<15 ppm) sulfur content. The minimum cetane rating should be 40. Purchase fuel in quantities that can be used within 180 days to ensure fuel freshness.

Fuel tank capacity: 83 liters (22 gallons).

Use summer grade diesel fuel (No. 2-D) at temperatures above -7° C (20° F) and winter grade (No. 1-D or No. 1-D/2-D blend) below that temperature. Use of winter grade fuel at lower temperatures provides lower flash point and cold flow characteristics which will ease starting and reduce fuel filter plugging.

Use of summer grade fuel above -7° C (20° F) will contribute toward longer fuel pump life and increased power compared to winter grade fuel.

Important: Do not use kerosene or gasoline instead of diesel fuel. Failure to observe this caution will damage the engine.

⚠ WARNING

Fuel is harmful or fatal if swallowed. Long-term exposure to vapors can cause serious injury and illness.

- Avoid prolonged breathing of vapors.
- Keep face away from nozzle and fuel tank or conditioner opening.
- Keep fuel away from eyes and skin.

Biodiesel Ready

This machine can also use a biodiesel blended fuel of up to B20 (20% biodiesel, 80% petrodiesel). The petrodiesel portion should be low or ultra low sulfur. Observe the following precautions:

- The biodiesel portion of the fuel must meet specification ASTM D6751 or EN14214.
- The blended fuel composition should meet ASTM D975 or EN590.
- Painted surfaces may be damaged by biodiesel blends.
- Use B5 (biodiesel content of 5%) or lesser blends in cold weather.
- Monitor seals, hoses, gaskets in contact with fuel as they may be degraded over time.
- Fuel filter plugging may be expected for a time after converting to biodiesel blends.
- Contact your distributor if you wish more information on biodiesel.

▲ DANGER

In certain conditions, fuel is extremely flammable and highly explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Use a funnel and fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Never fill the fuel tank inside an enclosed trailer.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is 25 mm (1 inch) below the top of the tank, not the filler neck. This empty space in the tank allows the fuel to expand.
- Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where fuel fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store fuel in an approved container and keep it out of the reach of children. Never buy more than a 180-day supply of fuel.
- Do not operate machine without entire exhaust system in place and in proper working condition.

1. Remove the fuel tank cap (Figure 18).

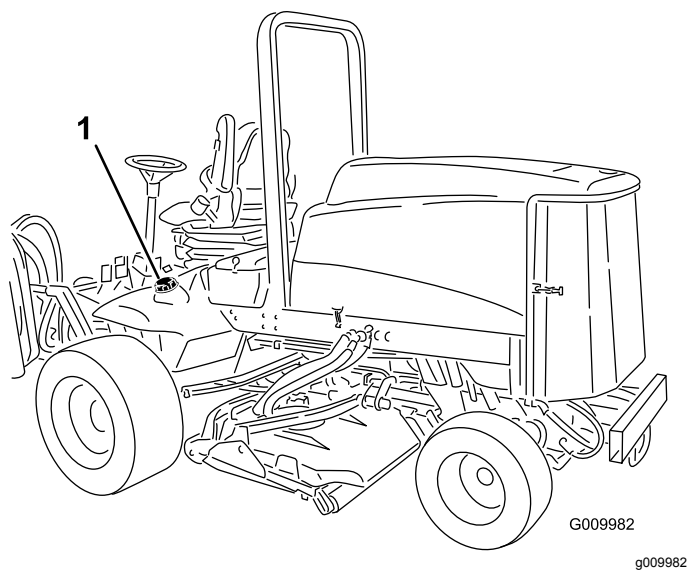


Figure 18

1. Fuel tank cap

2. Fill the tank to about 25 mm (1 inch) below the top of the tank, not the filler neck, with No. 2 diesel fuel. Then install the cap.

Note: If possible, fill the fuel tank after each use. This will minimize possible buildup of condensation inside the fuel tank.

▲ DANGER

In certain conditions during fueling, static electricity can be released causing a spark which can ignite the fuel vapors. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can damage property.

- Always place fuel containers on the ground away from your vehicle before filling.
- Do not fill fuel containers inside a vehicle or on a truck or trailer bed because interior carpets or plastic truck bed liners may insulate the container and slow the loss of any static charge.
- When practical, remove equipment from the truck or trailer and refuel the equipment with its wheels on the ground.
- If this is not possible, then refuel such equipment on a truck or trailer from a portable container, rather than from a fuel dispenser nozzle.
- If a fuel dispenser nozzle must be used, keep the nozzle in contact with the rim of the fuel tank or container opening at all times until fueling is complete.

Checking the Hydraulic Fluid Level

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The machine's reservoir is filled at the factory with approximately 28.4 liters (7.5 U.S. gallons) of high quality hydraulic fluid. Check the level of the hydraulic fluid before the engine is first started and daily thereafter. The recommended replacement fluid is as follows:

Toro Premium All Season Hydraulic Fluid (Available in 18.9 liter (5 gallon) pails or 208 liter (55 gallon drums). See parts catalog or Toro distributor for part numbers.)

Alternate fluids: If the Toro fluid is not available, other fluids may be used provided they meet all the following material properties and industry specifications. We do not recommend the use of synthetic fluid. Consult with your lubricant distributor to identify a satisfactory product. **Note:** Toro will not assume responsibility for damage caused by improper substitutions, so use only products from reputable manufacturers who will stand behind their recommendation.

High Viscosity Index/Low Pour Point Anti-wear Hydraulic Fluid, ISO VG 46

Material Properties:

Viscosity, ASTM D445

cSt @ 40°C 44 to 48

cSt @ 100°C 7.9 to 8.5

Viscosity Index ASTM 140 to 160

D2270

Pour Point, ASTM D97 -34°F to -49°F

Industry Specifications:

Vickers I-286-S (Quality Level), Vickers M-2950-S (Quality Level), Denison HF-0

Premium Biodegradable Hydraulic Fluid-Mobil EAL EnviroSyn 46H

Important: Mobil EAL EnviroSyn 46H is the only synthetic biodegradable fluid approved by Toro. This fluid is compatible with the elastomers used in Toro hydraulic systems and is suitable for a wide-range of temperature conditions. This fluid is compatible with conventional mineral oils, but for maximum biodegradability and performance the hydraulic system should be thoroughly flushed of conventional fluid. The oil is available in 19 liters (5 gallon) containers or 55 gallon drums from your Mobil Distributor.

Important: Many hydraulic fluids are almost colorless, making it difficult to spot leaks. A red dye additive for the hydraulic system oil is available in 20 ml (2/3 oz.) bottles. One bottle is sufficient for 15-22 liters (4-6 gallons) of hydraulic oil. Order part no. 44-2500 from your authorized Toro distributor.

1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine, and remove the key.
2. Clean the area around the filler neck and cap of the hydraulic tank (Figure 19). Remove the cap from the filler neck.

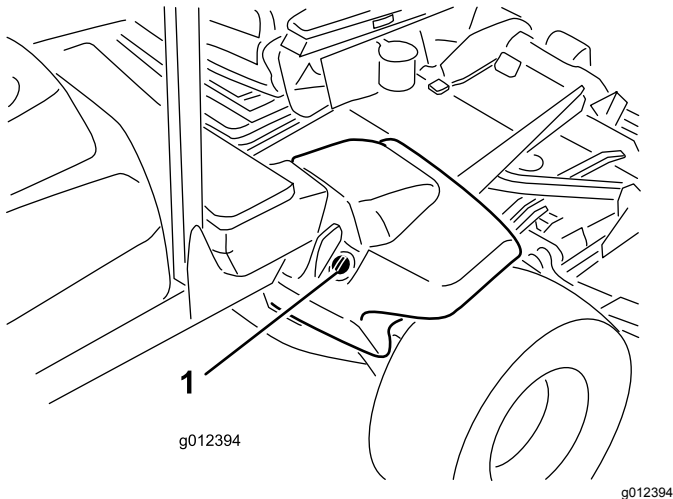


Figure 19

1. Hydraulic tank cap

3. Remove the dipstick from the filler neck and wipe it with a clean rag. Insert the dipstick into the filler neck; then remove it and check the fluid level. The fluid level should be between the two marks on the dipstick.

4. If the level is low, add the appropriate fluid to raise the level to the upper mark.
5. Install the dipstick and cap onto the filler neck.

Checking the Tire Pressure

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The tires are over-inflated for shipping. Therefore, release some of the air to reduce the pressure. The correct air pressure in the tires is 138 kPa (20 psi). Check the tire pressure daily.

Important: Maintain the recommended pressure in all tires to ensure a good quality-of-cut and proper machine performance. Do not under-inflate.

Starting and Stopping the Engine

Starting the Engine

Important: The fuel system must be bled if any of the following situations have occurred:

- The engine has ceased running due to lack of fuel.
 - Maintenance has been performed upon the fuel system components.
1. Remove your foot from the traction pedal and ensure that it is in the neutral position. Ensure that the parking brake is set.
 2. Turn the ignition key to the Run position. The glow indicator will light.
 3. When the glow indicator dims, turn the ignition key to the Start position. Release the key immediately when the engine starts and allow it to return to the Run position. Adjust the engine speed.

Important: Do not run the starter motor more than 30 seconds at a time or premature starter failure may result. If the engine fails to start after 30 seconds, turn the key to the Off position, recheck the controls and procedures, wait 30 additional seconds, and repeat the starting procedure.

When the temperature is less than -7°C (20°F), the starter motor can be run for 30 seconds on then 60 seconds off for 2 attempts.

⚠ CAUTION

Shut the engine off and wait for all moving parts to stop before checking for oil leaks, loose parts, and other malfunctions.

Stopping the Engine

Important: Allow the engine to idle for 5 minutes before shutting it off after a full load operation. This allows the turbo charger to cool down before shutting the engine off. Failure to do so may lead to turbo-charger trouble.

Note: Lower the cutting units to the ground whenever machine is parked. This relieves the hydraulic load from the system, prevents wear on system parts and also prevents accidental lowering of the cutting units.

1. Move the PTO switch to the Off position.
2. Set the parking brake.
3. Return the engine low idle.
4. Rotate the ignition key to Off.
5. Remove the key from the switch to prevent accidental starting.

Smart Power

With Toro Smart Power™, the operator does not have to listen to the engine speed in heavy conditions. Smart Power prevents bogging down in heavy turf by automatically controlling the machine speed and optimizing cutting performance.

Reversing Fan Operation

The fan speed is controlled by the hydraulic oil temperature and engine coolant temperature. A reverse cycle is automatically initiated when either the engine coolant or hydraulic oil temperature reaches a certain point. This reversal will help blow debris off the rear screen and lower the engine and hydraulic oil temperatures. By simultaneously pressing the outer buttons on the InfoCenter for 4 seconds, the fan will complete a manually initiated reverse cycle. It is recommended to reverse the fan when the rear screen is clogged or prior to entering the shop or the storage area.

Auto Idle

The machine is equipped with Auto Idle which automatically returns the engine to low idle when all of the following functions are not used, for a pre determined time, previously set in the InfoCenter.

- The traction pedal is returned to the neutral position
- The PTO is disengaged
- None of the lift switches are activated

When any of the above functions are initiated, the machine will automatically return to the previous engine speed setting.

Mow Speed

Supervisor (Protected Menu)

Allows the supervisor to set the machines maximum mowing speed, in increments of 50%, 75% or 100%, at which the operator can mow (low range).

Refer to Using the InfoCenter LCD Display, in the Operation section of this manual, for the procedure to set the mow speed.

Operator

Allows the operator to adjust the machines maximum mowing speed (low range), within the supervisors pre-adjusted settings. When in the InfoCenter splash or main screen, press the middle button ( icon) to adjust the speed.

Note: When switching between low and high ranges, the settings will transfer based on the previous setting. The settings will reset when the machine is turned off.

Transport Speed

Supervisor (Protected Menu)

Allows the supervisor to set the machines maximum transport speed, in increments of 50%, 75% or 100%, at which the operator can transport (high range).

Refer to Using the InfoCenter LCD Display, in the Operation section of this manual, for the procedure to set the transport speed.

Operator

Allows the operator to adjust the machines maximum transport speed (high range), within the supervisors pre-adjusted settings. When in the InfoCenter splash or main screen, press the middle button ( icon) to adjust the speed.

Note: When switching between low and high ranges, the settings will transfer based on the previous setting. The settings will reset when the machine is turned off.

Counterbalance

The counterbalance system maintains hydraulic back pressure on the deck lift cylinders. This counterbalance pressure transfers cutting deck weight to the mower's drive wheels to improve traction. The counterbalance pressure has been factory set to an optimal balance of after-cut appearance and traction capability in most turf conditions. Decreasing the counterbalance setting can produce a more stable cutting deck, but can decrease the traction capability. Increasing the counterbalance setting can increase the traction capability, but may result in aftercut appearance issues.

During different times of the mowing season or when turf conditions vary, the amount of counterbalance (upward lift) required on the cutting decks can be changed to meet the conditions.

Refer to Using the InfoCenter LCD Display, in the Operation section of this manual, for the procedure to set the counterbalance pressure.

Checking the Interlock Switches

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

⚠ CAUTION

If safety interlock switches are disconnected or damaged the machine could operate unexpectedly causing personal injury.

- Do not tamper with the interlock switches.
- Check the operation of the interlock switches daily and replace any damaged switches before operating the machine.

The machine has interlock switches in the electrical system. These switches are designed to stop the machine when the operator gets off of the seat when the traction pedal is depressed. However, the operator may get off of the seat while the engine is running and the traction pedal is in neutral. Although the engine will continue to run if the PTO switch is disengaged and the traction pedal is released, it is strongly recommended that the engine be stopped before rising from the seat.

To check the operation of the interlock switches, perform the following procedure:

1. Drive the machine slowly to a large, relatively open area. Lower the cutting unit, stop the engine, and apply the parking brake.
2. Sit on the seat and depress the traction pedal. Try to start the engine. The engine should not crank. If the engine cranks, there is a malfunction in the interlock system that should be corrected before beginning operation.
3. Sit on the seat and start the engine. Rise from the seat and move the PTO switch to On. The PTO should not engage. If the PTO engages, there is a malfunction in the interlock system that should be corrected before beginning operation.
4. Sit on the seat, engage the parking brake and start the engine. Move the traction pedal out of the neutral position. The InfoCenter will display “**traction denied**” and the machine should not move. If the engine does move, there is a

malfunction in the interlock system that should be corrected before beginning operation.

Pushing or Towing the Machine

In an emergency, the machine can be moved forward by actuating the bypass valve in the variable displacement hydraulic pump and pushing or towing the machine.

Important: Do not push or tow the machine faster than 3-4.8 km/h (2-3 MPH) because internal transmission damage may occur. The bypass valve must be open whenever the machine is pushed or towed.

Important: If the machine must to be pushed or towed in reverse, the check valve in the four-wheel drive manifold must also be bypassed. To bypass the check valve, connect a hose assembly (Hose Part No. 95-8843, Coupler Fitting No. 95-0985 [Qty. 2], and Hydraulic Fitting No. 340-77 [Qty. 2]) to the reverse traction pressure test port, located on the hydrostat, and on the port located in-between ports M8 and P2 on the rear traction manifold which is located to the inside of the front rear tire.

1. Open the hood and locate the bypass valves (Figure 20) on the top of pump, behind the battery/storage boxes.
2. Rotate each valve 3 turns counter-clockwise to open and allow oil to bypass internally. **Do not open more than 3 turns.** Because fluid is bypassed, the machine can be slowly moved without damaging the transmission.

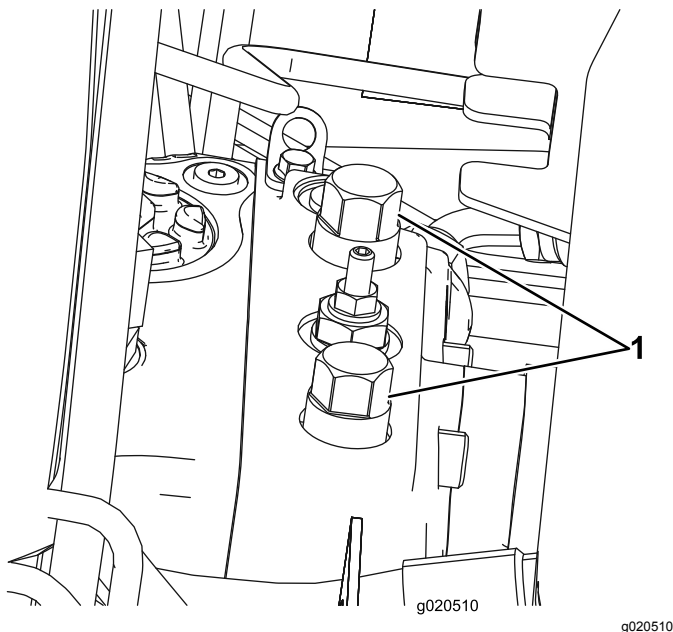


Figure 20

1. Bypass valve (2)

3. Close the bypass valves before starting the engine. Torque to 70 N-m (52 ft-lb) to close the valve.

Jacking Points

- On the front of the machine on the frame on the inside of each drive tire
- On the rear of the machine at the center of the axle

Tie Downs

- On each side of the frame by the operator's seat
- The rear bumper

Operating Characteristics

Practice driving the machine because it has a hydrostatic transmission and its characteristics are different than many turf maintenance machines. Some points to consider when operating the traction unit and cutting units are the transmission, engine speed, load on the cutting blades and the importance of the brakes.

With Toro Smart Power™, the operator does not have to listen to the engine speed in heavy conditions. Smart Power prevents bogging down in heavy turf by automatically controlling the machine speed and optimizing cutting performance.

Another characteristic to consider is the operation of the pedals that are connected to the brakes. The brakes can be used to assist in turning the machine. However, use them carefully, especially on soft or

wet grass because the turf may be torn accidentally. Another benefit of the brakes is to maintain traction. For example, in some slope conditions, the uphill wheel slips and loses traction. If this situation occurs, depress the uphill turn pedal gradually and intermittently until the uphill wheel stops slipping, thus, increasing traction on the downhill wheel.

Use extra care when operating the machine on slopes. Make sure that the seat latch is properly secured and the seat belt is buckled. Drive slowly and avoid sharp turns on slopes to prevent roll overs. For steering control, the cutting unit must be lowered when going downhill.

⚠ WARNING

This product is designed to drive objects into the ground where they lose energy quickly in grass areas. However, careless operation, combined with terrain angle, ricochets, or improperly positioned safety guard can lead to thrown object injuries.

- **When a person or pet appears suddenly in or near the mowing area, stop mowing.**
- **Do not resume mowing until the area is cleared.**

Important: Allow engine to idle for 5 minutes before shutting it off after a full load operation. This allows the turbo charger to cool down before shutting the engine off. Failure to do so may lead to turbo-charger trouble.

Before stopping the engine, disengage all controls and set the engine speed to Slow. Setting the engine speed to Slow reduces high engine RPM, noise, and vibration. Turn the key to Off to stop the engine.

Selecting a Blade

Standard Combination Sail

This blade was designed to provide excellent lift and dispersion in almost any condition. If more or less lift and discharge velocity is required, consider a different blade.

Attributes: Excellent lift and dispersion in most conditions.

Angled Sail

The blade generally performs best in lower heights of cut - 1.9 to 6.4 cm (3/4 to 2–1/2 inch).

Attributes:

- Discharge remains more even at lower heights of cut.
- Discharge has less tendency to throw left and thus a cleaner look around bunkers and fairways.
- Lower power requirement at lower heights and dense turf.

High Lift Parallel Sail

The blade generally performs better in the higher heights of cut - 7 to 10 cm (2 to 4 inch).

Attributes:

- More lift and higher discharge velocity.
- Sparse or limp turf is picked up significantly at higher heights of cut.
- Wet or sticky clippings are discharged more efficiently reducing congestion in the deck.
- Requires more horsepower to run.
- Tends to discharge further left and can tend to windrow at lower heights of cut.

⚠ WARNING

Do not use the high lift blade with the mulching baffle. The blade could break, resulting in personal injury or death.

Atomic Blade

This blade was designed to provide excellent leaf mulching.

Attributes: Excellent leaf mulching

Choosing Accessories

Optional Equipment Configurations

	Angle Sail Blade	High Lift Parallel Sail Blade (<i>Do not use with the mulching baffle</i>)	Mulching Baffle	Roller Scraper
Grass Cutting: 1.9 to 4.4 cm (0.75 to 1.75 inch) Height-of-Cut	Recommended in most applications	May work well in light or sparse turf	Has been shown to improve dispersion and after cut performance on northern grasses that are cut at least three times per week and less than 1/3 of the grass blade is removed. Do not use with the high lift parallel sail blade	Can be used any time that rollers build up with grass or large flat grass clumps of grass are seen. The scrapers may actually increase clumping in certain applications.
Grass Cutting: 5 to 6.4 cm (2.00 to 2.50 inch) Height-of-Cut	Recommended for thick or lush turf	Recommended for light or sparse turf		
Grass Cutting: 7 to 10 cm (2.75 to 4.00 inch) Height-of-Cut	May work well in lush turf	Recommended in most applications		
Leaf Mulching	Recommended for use with the mulching baffle	Not Allowed	Use with combination sail or angle sail blade only	
Pros	Even discharge at lower height of cut Cleaner look around bunkers and fairways Lower power requirements	More lift and higher discharge velocity Sparse or limp turf is picked up at high height of cut Wet or sticky clippings are discharged efficiently	May improve dispersion and appearance in certain grass cutting applications Very good for leaf mulching	Reduces roller buildup in certain applications
Cons	Does not lift the grass well in high height of cut applications Wet or sticky grass has a tendency to build up in the chamber, leading to poor quality of cut and higher power requirements	Requires more power to run in some applications Tends to windrow at lower height of cut in lush grass Do not use with the mulching baffle	Grass will build up in the chamber if attempting to remove too much grass with baffle in place	

Operating Tips

Mowing Techniques

- To begin cutting, engage the cutting units, then approach the mowing area slowly. Once the front cutting units are over the mowing area, lower the cutting units.
- To achieve the professional straight-line cut and striping that is desirable for some applications, find a tree or other object in the distance and drive straight toward it.
- As soon as the front cutting units reach the edge of the mowing area, lift the cutting units and perform a tear drop shaped turn to quickly line you up for your next pass.
- The cutting units tend to throw grass to the left side of the machine. If trimming around bunkers, it is best to mow in a clockwise direction to prevent throwing clippings into the bunker.
- The cutting units can be equipped with bolt-in mulching baffles. The mulching baffles perform well when turf is maintained on a regular schedule to avoid removing more than 25 mm (1 inch) of growth per cutting. When too much growth is cut with the mulching baffles installed, after-cut appearance may deteriorate and the observed power to cut the turf increases. The mulching baffles also perform well for shredding leaves in the fall of the year.

Mow When Grass is Dry

Mow either in the late morning to avoid the dew, which causes grass clumping, or in late afternoon to avoid the damage that can be caused by direct sunlight on the sensitive, freshly mowed grass.

Select the Proper Height-of-Cut Setting to Suit Conditions

Remove approximately 25 mm (1 inch) or no more than 1/3 of the grass blade when cutting. In exceptionally lush and dense grass, you may have to raise the height-of-cut to the next setting.

Mow at Proper Intervals

Under most normal conditions you will need to mow approximately every 4-5 days. But remember, grass grows at different rates at different times. This means that in order to maintain the same height-of-cut, which is a good practice, you will need to cut more frequently in early spring; as the grass growth rate slows in mid summer, cut only every 8-10 days. If

you are unable to mow for an extended period due to weather conditions or other reasons, mow first with the height-of-cut at a high level; then mow again 2-3 days later with a lower height setting.

Always Mow with Sharp Blades

A sharp blade cuts cleanly and without tearing or shredding the grass blades like a dull blade. Tearing and shredding causes the grass to turn brown at the edges which impairs growth and increases susceptibility to diseases.

Mowing Patterns

Change mowing patterns often to minimize aftercut appearance issues induced by repetitive operation in only one direction.

Resolving Aftercut Appearance

Reference Aftercut Appearance Troubleshooting Guide available at www.Toro.com

Transporting (Groundsmaster 4700-D Only)

Use the two rear transport latches for the outer cutting units when transporting over long distances, rough terrain, or when trailering.

After Operating

To ensure optimum performance, clean the underside of the mower housings after each use. If residue is allowed to build up in the mower housing, cutting performance will decline.

Note: Lower cutting units to the ground whenever machine is parked. This relieves the hydraulic load from the system, prevents wear on system parts and also prevents accidental lowering of the cutting units.

Maintenance

Note: Determine the left and right sides of the machine from the normal operating position.

Recommended Maintenance Schedule(s)

Maintenance Service Interval	Maintenance Procedure
After the first 8 hours	• Torque the wheel nuts.
After the first 200 hours	• Change the planetary gear drive oil. • Change the rear axle lubricant. • Change the hydraulic filters.
Before each use or daily	• Check the engine oil level. • Check the cooling system. • Check the hydraulic fluid level. • Check the tire pressure. • Check the interlock switches. • Drain water or other contaminants from the water separator. • Drain water or other contaminants from fuel filter/water separator. • Remove debris from the engine area, oil cooler, and radiator. • Inspect the hydraulic lines and hoses for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration, and chemical deterioration. • Check the blade stopping time
Every 50 hours	• Grease the bearings and bushings. • Check the battery condition.
Every 100 hours	• Check the condition and tension of the alternator belt.
Every 200 hours	• Torque the wheel nuts.
Every 250 hours	• Change the engine oil and filter.
Every 400 hours	• Service the air cleaner. (Service the air cleaner earlier if the air cleaner indicator shows red. Service it more frequently in extremely dirty or dusty conditions.) • Check the fuel lines and connections. • Replace the fuel filter canister. • Check for end-play in the planetary drives. • Check the planetary gear drive oil level (Also, check if external leakage is observed). • Check the rear axle lubricant level.
Every 800 hours	• Drain and clean the fuel tank. • Change the planetary gear drive oil. (Or yearly, whichever comes first) • Change the rear axle lubricant. • Check the rear wheel toe-in. • Change the hydraulic fluid. • Change the hydraulic filters.
Before storage	• Drain and clean the fuel tank. • Check the tire pressure. • Check all fasteners. • Grease or oil all grease fittings and pivot points. • Paint chipped surfaces.
Yearly	• Check the fuel lines and connections.

Important: Refer to your engine *Operator's Manual* and cutting unit *Operator's Manual* for additional maintenance procedures.

Note: Looking for an *Electrical Schematic* or *Hydraulic Schematic* for your machine? Download a free copy of the schematic by visiting www.Toro.com and searching for your machine from the Manuals link on the home page.

Daily Maintenance Checklist

Duplicate this page for routine use.

Maintenance Check Item	For the week of:						
	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.	Sun.
Check the safety interlock operation.							
Check the brake operation.							
Check the engine oil and fuel level.							
Check the cooling system fluid level.							
Drain the water/fuel separator.							
Check the air filter restriction indicator.							
Check the radiator, oil cooler, and screen for debris.							
Check unusual engine noises. ¹							
Check unusual operating noises.							
Check the hydraulic system oil level.							
Check hydraulic hoses for damage.							
Check for fluid leaks.							
Check the tire pressure.							
Check the instrument operation.							
Lubricate all grease fittings. ²							
Check the height-of-cut adjustment.							
Touch-up damaged paint.							

1. Check the glow plug and injector nozzles if hard starting, excess smoke, or rough running is noted.

2. Immediately after every washing, regardless of the interval listed.

Service Interval Chart

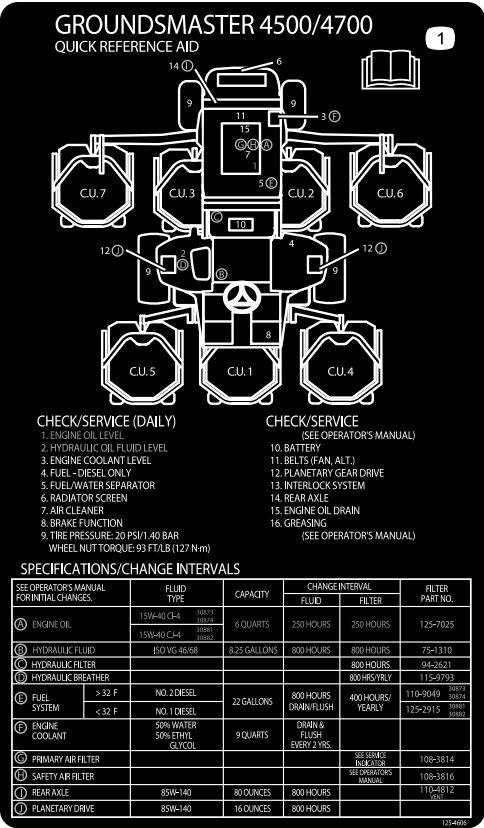


Figure 21

decal125-4606

⚠ CAUTION

If you leave the key in the ignition switch, someone could accidentally start the engine and seriously injure you or other bystanders.

Remove the key from the ignition before you do any maintenance.

Pre-Maintenance Procedures

Removing the Hood

1. Release hood latches (Figure 22) and pivot open the hood.

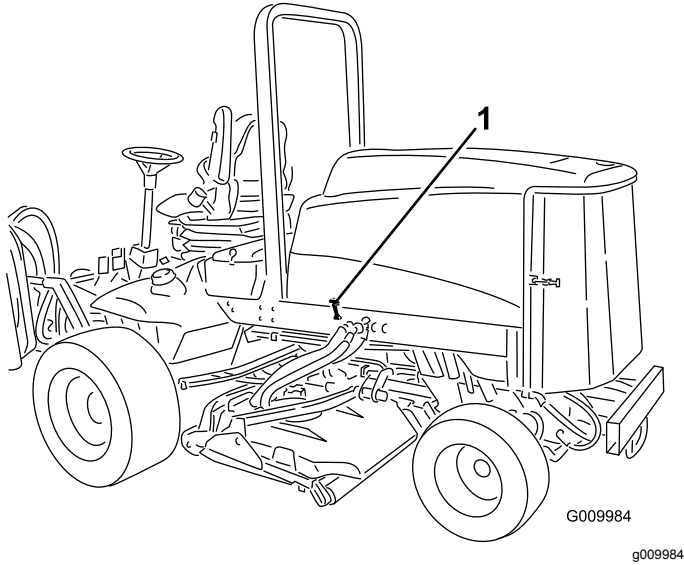


Figure 22

1. Hood latch (2)

2. Remove the cotter pins securing the rear hood brackets to the frame pins and lift off the hood.

Lubrication

Greasing the Bearings and Bushings

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

The machine has grease fittings that must be lubricated regularly with No. 2 General Purpose Lithium Base Grease. If the machine is operated under normal conditions, lubricate all bearings and bushings after every 50 hours of operation or immediately after every washing.

The grease fitting locations and quantities are as follows:

- Brake shaft pivot bearings (5) (Figure 23)

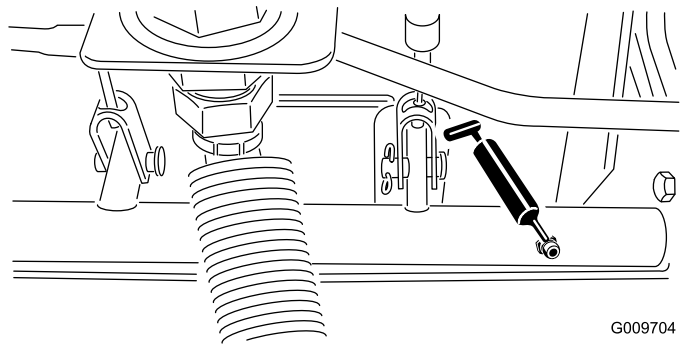


Figure 23

- Rear axle pivot bushings (2) (Figure 24)

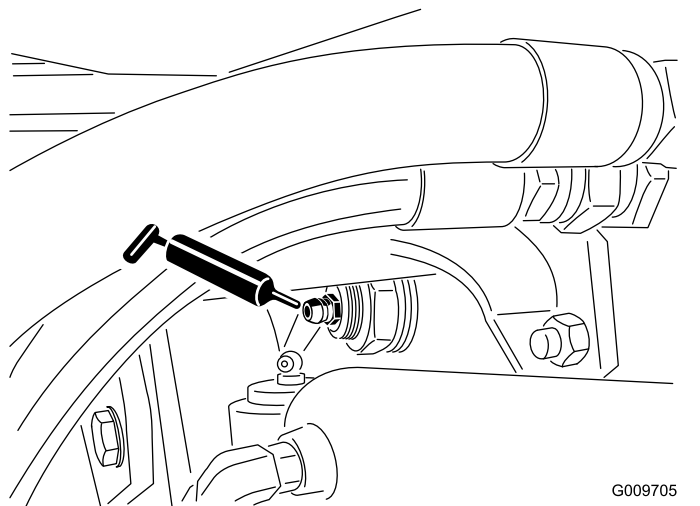


Figure 24

- Steering cylinder ball joints (2) (Figure 25)

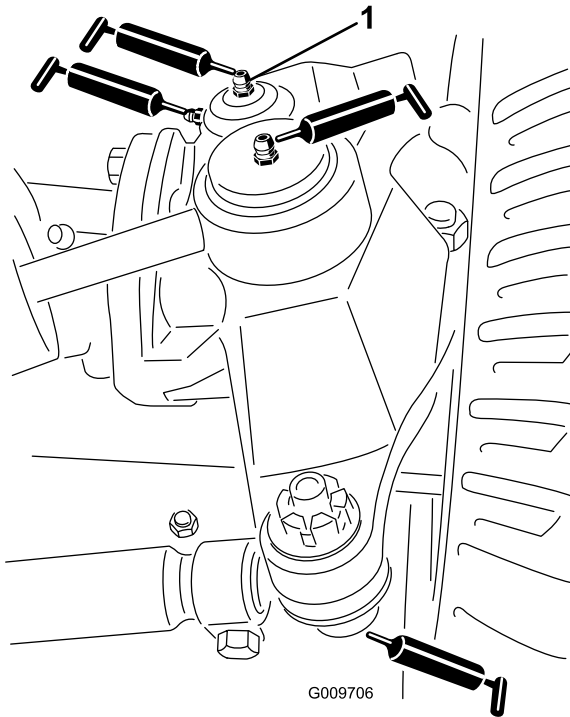


Figure 25

- Top fitting on king pin

- Tie rod ball joints (2) (Figure 25)
- King pin bushings (2) (Figure 25). **The top fitting on the king pin should only be lubricated annually (2 pumps).**
- Lift arm bushings (1 per deck) (Figure 26)

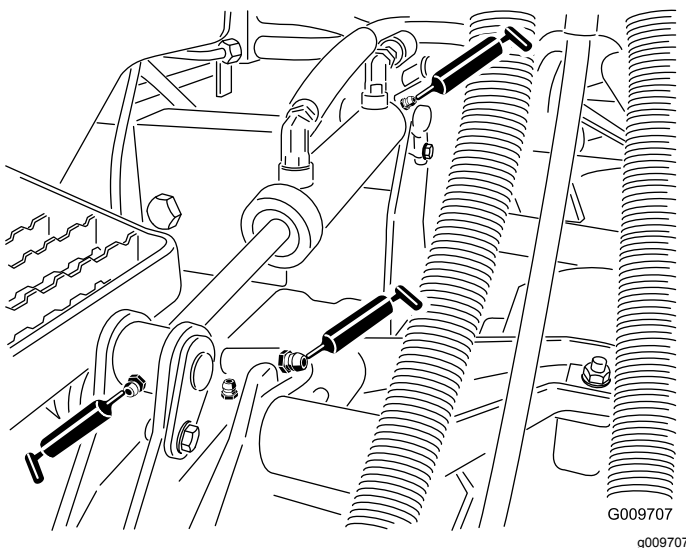


Figure 26

- Lift cylinder bushings (2 per deck) (Figure 26)

- Cutting unit spindle shaft bearings (2 per cutting unit) (Figure 27)

Note: Either fitting can be used, whichever is more accessible. Pump grease into the fitting until a small amount appears at bottom of the spindle housing (under the deck).

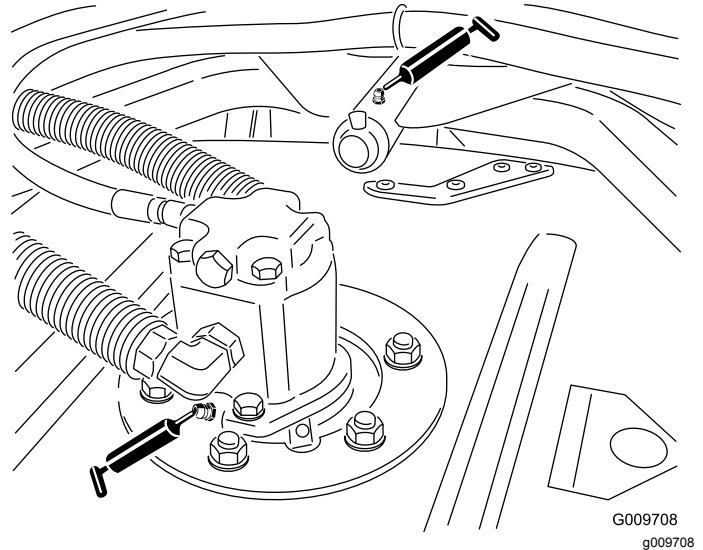


Figure 27

- Cutting unit carrier arm bushings (1 per cutting unit) (Figure 27)
- Rear roller bearings (2 per cutting unit) (Figure 28)

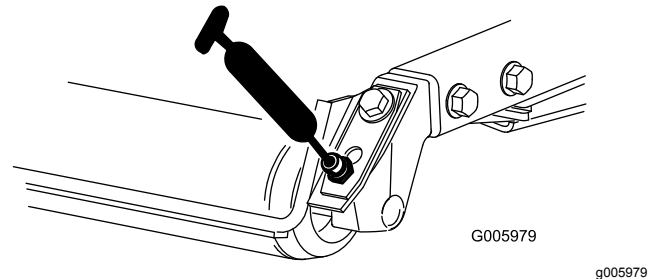


Figure 28

Important: Make sure the grease groove in each roller mount aligns with the grease hole in each end of the roller shaft. To help align the groove and hole, there is also an alignment mark on one end of the roller shaft.

Engine Maintenance

Servicing the Air Cleaner

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Check the air cleaner body for damage which could cause an air leak. Replace if damaged. Check the whole intake system for leaks, damage or loose hose clamps.

Service the air cleaner filter only when the service indicator (Figure 29) requires it. Changing the air filter before it is necessary only increases the chance of dirt entering the engine when the filter is removed.

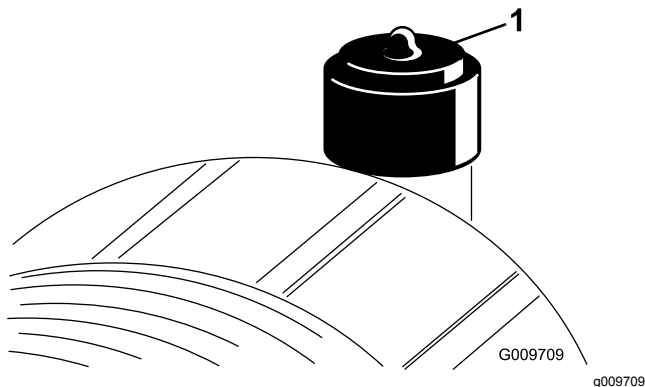


Figure 29

1. Air cleaner indicator

Important: Be sure the cover is seated correctly and seals with the air cleaner body.

1. Pull the latch outward and rotate the air cleaner cover counterclockwise (Figure 30).

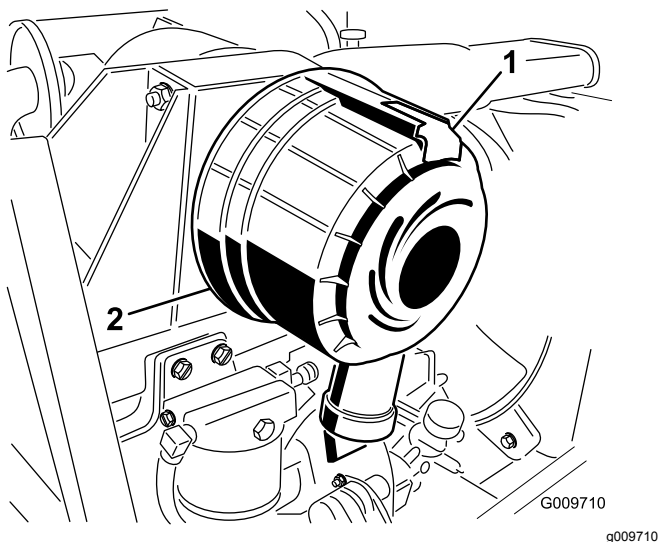


Figure 30

1. Air cleaner latch
2. Air cleaner cover

2. Remove the cover from the air cleaner body. Before removing the filter, use low pressure

air (40 psi, clean and dry) to help remove large accumulations of debris packed between outside of primary filter and the canister. **Avoid using high pressure air which could force dirt through the filter into the intake tract.**

This cleaning process prevents debris from migrating into the intake when the primary filter is removed.

3. Remove and replace the primary filter (Figure 31).

Cleaning of the used element is not recommended due to the possibility of damage to the filter media. Inspect the new filter for shipping damage, checking the sealing end of the filter and the body. **Do not use a damaged element.** Insert the new filter by applying pressure to the outer rim of the element to seat it in the canister. **Do not apply pressure to the flexible center of the filter.**

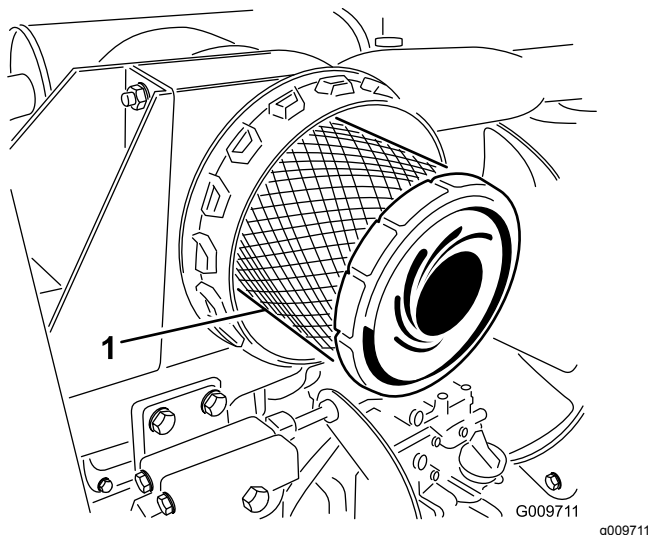


Figure 31

1. Air cleaner primary filter

Important: Never attempt to clean the safety filter (Figure 32). Replace the safety filter with a new one after every three primary filter services.

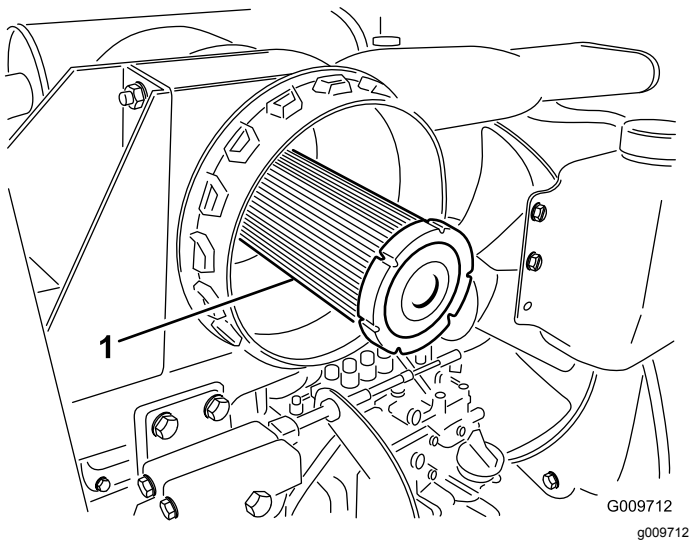


Figure 32

1. Air cleaner safety filter

4. Clean the dirt ejection port located in the removable cover. Remove the rubber outlet valve from the cover, clean the cavity and replace the outlet valve.
5. Install the cover orienting the rubber outlet valve in a downward position—between approximately 5:00 to 7:00 when viewed from the end.
6. Reset the indicator (Figure 29) if it shows red.

2. Remove the oil filter (Figure 34). Apply a light coat of clean oil to the new filter seal before screwing it on. Do not overtighten.

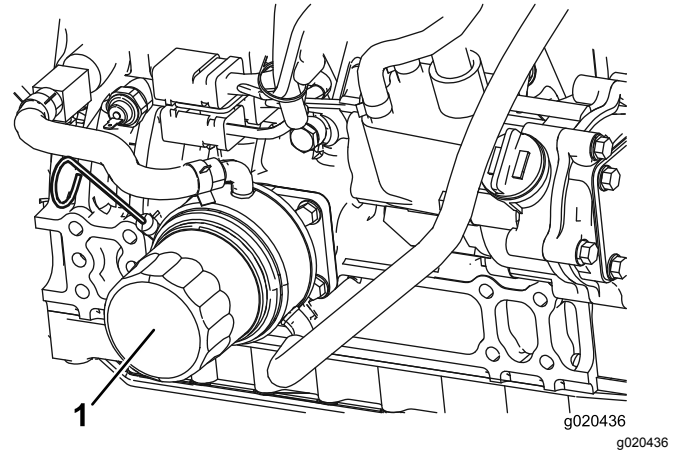


Figure 34

1. Engine oil filter

3. Add oil to the crankcase; refer to Checking the Engine Oil in Operation.

Servicing the Engine Oil and Filter

Service Interval: Every 250 hours

Change the oil and filter every 250 hours.

1. Remove the drain plug (Figure 33) and let the oil flow into a drain pan. When the oil stops, install the drain plug.

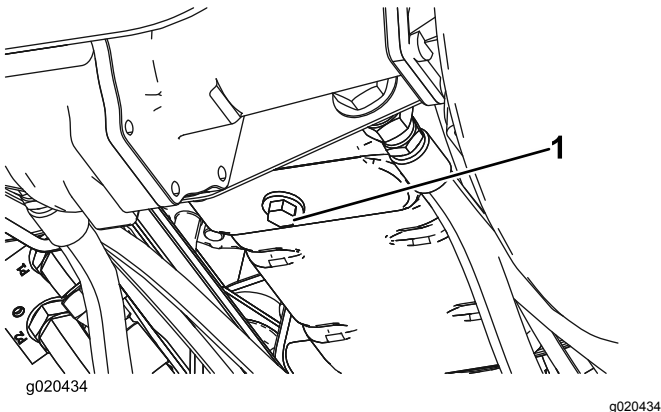


Figure 33

1. Engine oil drain plug

Fuel System Maintenance

⚠ DANGER

Under certain conditions, diesel fuel and fuel vapors are highly flammable and explosive. A fire or explosion from fuel can burn you and others and can cause property damage.

- Use a funnel and fill the fuel tank outdoors, in an open area, when the engine is off and is cold. Wipe up any fuel that spills.
- Do not fill the fuel tank completely full. Add fuel to the fuel tank until the level is 6 to 13 mm (1/4 to 1/2 inch) below the bottom of the filler neck. This empty space in the tank allows the fuel to expand.
- Never smoke when handling fuel, and stay away from an open flame or where fuel fumes may be ignited by a spark.
- Store fuel in a clean, safety-approved container and keep the cap in place.

Draining and Cleaning the Fuel Tank

Every 800 hours—Drain and clean the fuel tank.

Before storage—Drain and clean the fuel tank.

Drain and clean the fuel tank every 800 hours. Also, drain and clean the tank if fuel system becomes contaminated or if the machine will be stored for an extended period of time. Use clean fuel to flush out the tank.

Checking the Fuel Lines and Connections

Service Interval: Every 400 hours—Check the fuel lines and connections.

Yearly—Check the fuel lines and connections.

Check the fuel lines and connections every 400 hours or yearly, whichever comes first. Inspect them for deterioration, damage, or loose connections.

Servicing the Water Separator

Service Interval: Before each use or daily—Drain water or other contaminants from fuel filter/water separator.

Every 400 hours—Replace the fuel filter canister.

Drain water or other contaminants from water separator daily. Replace filter canister after every 400 hours of operation.

1. Place a clean container under the fuel filter (Figure 35).
2. Loosen the drain plug on the bottom of the filter canister.

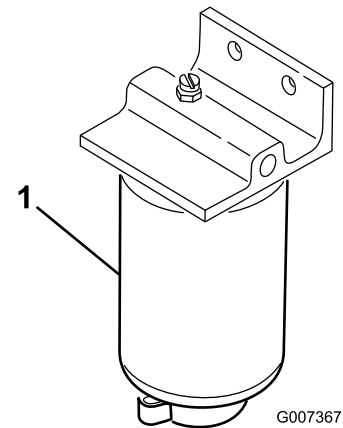


Figure 35

1. Water separator filter canister

3. Clean the area where the filter canister mounts.
4. Remove the filter canister and clean the mounting surface.
5. Lubricate the gasket on the filter canister with clean oil.
6. Install the filter canister by hand until the gasket contacts mounting surface, then rotate it an additional 1/2 turn.
7. Tighten the drain plug on the bottom of the filter canister.

Fuel Pick up Tube Screen

The fuel pick up tube, located inside the fuel tank, is equipped with a screen to help prevent debris from entering the fuel system. Remove fuel pick up tube and clean screen as required.

Electrical System Maintenance

Charging and Connecting the Battery

WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

1. Unlatch and raise the operator's console panel (Figure 36).

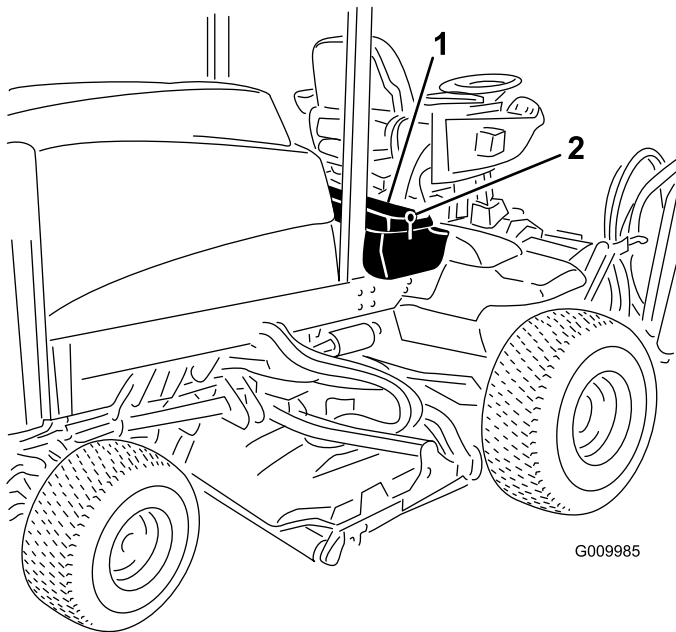


Figure 36

1. Operator's console panel
2. Latch

⚠ DANGER

Battery electrolyte contains sulfuric acid which is a deadly poison and causes severe burns.

- Do not drink electrolyte and avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear safety glasses to shield your eyes and rubber gloves to protect your hands.
- Fill the battery where clean water is always available for flushing the skin.

2. Connect a 3 to 4 amp. battery charger to the battery posts. Charge the battery at a rate of 3 to 4 amperes for 4 to 8 hours.
3. When the battery is charged, disconnect the charger from the electrical outlet and battery posts.

⚠ WARNING

Charging the battery produces gasses that can explode.

Never smoke near the battery and keep sparks and flames away from battery.

4. Install the positive cable (red) to the positive (+) terminal and the negative cable (black) to the negative (-) terminal of the battery (Figure 37). Secure cables to posts with capscrews and nuts. Make sure that the positive (+) terminal is all of the way onto the post and the cable is positioned snug to the battery. The cable must not contact the battery cover. Slide the rubber boot over the positive terminal to prevent a possible short from occurring.

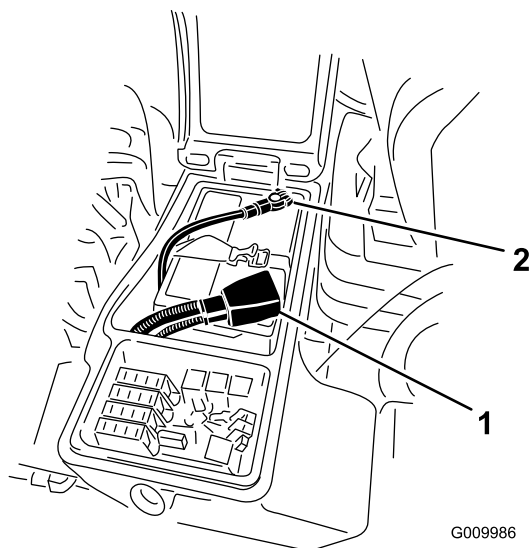


Figure 37

1. Positive battery cable 2. Negative battery cable

WARNING

CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

Battery posts, terminals, and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

5. Coat both battery connections with Grafo 112X (skin-over) grease, Toro Part No. 505-47, petroleum jelly, or light grease to prevent corrosion. Slide the rubber boot over the positive terminal.
6. Close the console panel and secure the latch.

WARNING

Battery terminals or metal tools could short against metal components causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- When removing or installing the battery, do not allow the battery terminals to touch any metal parts of the machine.
- Do not allow metal tools to short between the battery terminals and metal parts of the machine.

WARNING

Incorrect battery cable routing could damage the machine and cables causing sparks. Sparks can cause the battery gasses to explode, resulting in personal injury.

- Always disconnect the negative (black) battery cable before disconnecting the positive (red) cable.
- Always connect the positive (red) battery cable before connecting the negative (black) cable.

Maintaining the Battery

Service Interval: Every 50 hours

Important: Before welding on the machine, disconnect the negative cable from the battery to prevent damage to the electrical system.

Note: Check the battery condition weekly or after every 50 hours of operation. Keep the terminals and the entire battery case clean because a dirty battery will discharge slowly. To clean the battery, remove it from the machine, wash the entire case with a solution of baking soda and water. Rinse with clear water. Coat the battery posts and cable connectors with Grafo 112X (skin-over) grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.

Fuses

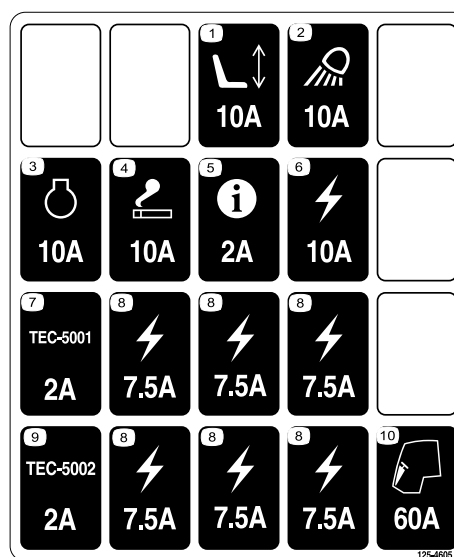


Figure 38

decal125-4605

Unhook latch and raise operator's console panel (Figure 39) to expose the fuses (Figure 40).

Drive System Maintenance

Checking for End-Play in the Planetary Drives

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

There should be no end-play in the planetary drives/drive wheels (i.e., the wheels should not move when you pull or push them in a direction parallel to the axle).

1. Park the machine on a level surface, engage the parking brake, lower the cutting units, shut off the engine, and remove the key.
2. Chock the rear wheels and raise the front of machine, supporting the front axle/frame on jack stands.

⚠ DANGER

A machine on a jack may be unstable and slip off the jack, injuring anyone beneath it.

- **Do not start the engine while the machine is on a jack.**
- **Always remove the key from the switch before getting off the machine.**
- **Block the tires when you are raising the machine with a jack.**
- **Support the machine with jack stands.**

3. Grasp 1 of the front drive wheels and push/pull it toward and away from the machine, noting any movement.

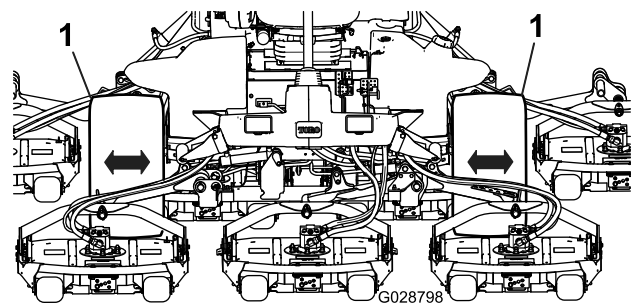


Figure 41

1. Front drive wheels

4. Repeat step 3 for the other drive wheel.
5. If either wheel moves, contact your authorized Toro distributor to have the planetary drive rebuilt.

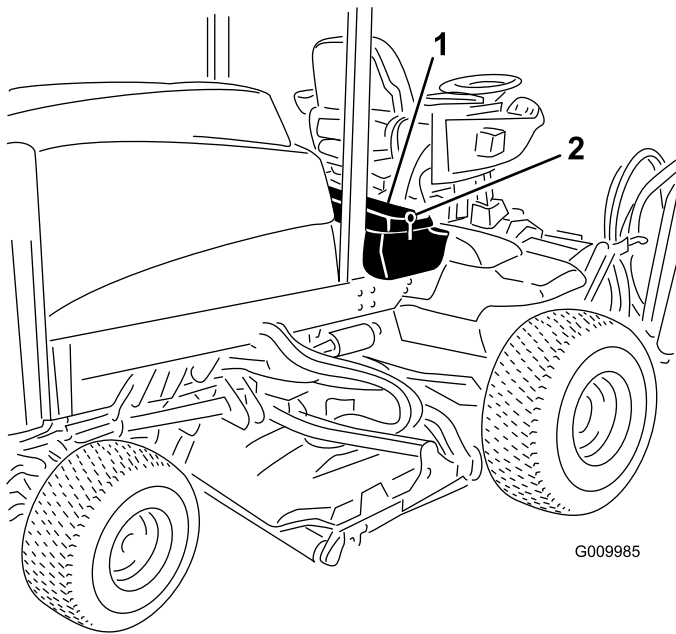


Figure 39

1. Latch
2. Operator's console panel

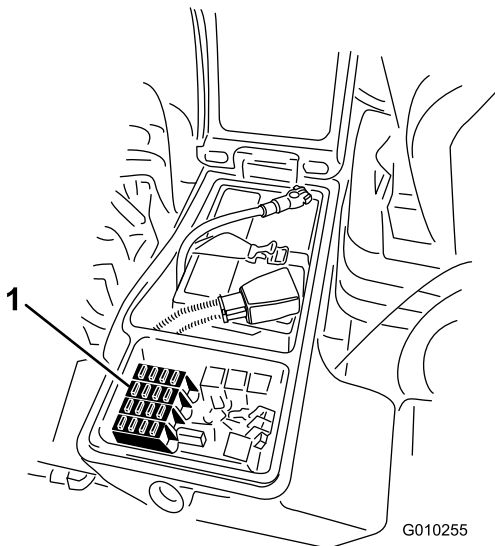


Figure 40

1. Fuses

Checking the Torque of the Wheel Nuts

Service Interval: After the first 8 hours
Every 200 hours

⚠ WARNING

Failure to maintain proper torque of the wheel nuts could result in failure or loss of wheel and may result in personal injury.

Torque the front and rear wheel nuts to 115-136 N·m (85-100 ft.-lb.) after 1-4 hours of operation and again after 8 hours of operation. Torque every 200 hours thereafter.

Note: Front wheel nuts are 1/2-20 UNF. Rear wheel nuts are M12 x 1.6-6H (Metric).

Checking the Planetary Gear Drive Oil

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

Check the oil level after every 400 hours of operation. Use high quality SAE 85W-140 wt. gear lube as a replacement.

1. With machine on level surface, position the wheel so one check plug (Figure 42) is at the 12 o'clock position and the other is at 3 o'clock position.

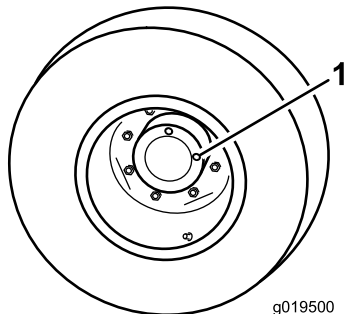


Figure 42

1. Check/drain plug (2)

2. Remove the plug at the 3 o'clock position (Figure 42). Oil level should be at the bottom of the check plug hole.
3. If the oil level is low, remove the plug at the 12 o'clock position and add oil until it begins to flow out of the hole at the 3 o'clock position.
4. Re-install both plugs.
5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 on the opposite planetary gear assembly.

Changing the Planetary Gear Drive Oil

Service Interval: After the first 200 hours

Every 800 hours (Or yearly, whichever comes first)

Change the oil initially after first 200 hours of operation. Thereafter, change the oil every 800 hours, or yearly, whichever occurs first. Use a high quality SAE 85W-140 wt. gear lube as replacement.

1. With the machine on a level surface, position a wheel so that one of the check plugs is at the lowest (6 o'clock) position (Figure 43).

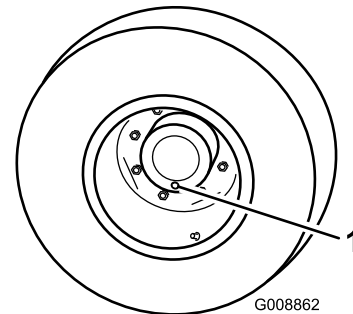


Figure 43

1. Check/drain plug

2. Place a drain pan under the planetary hub, remove plug and allow oil to drain.
3. Place a drain pan under the brake housing, remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain (Figure 44).

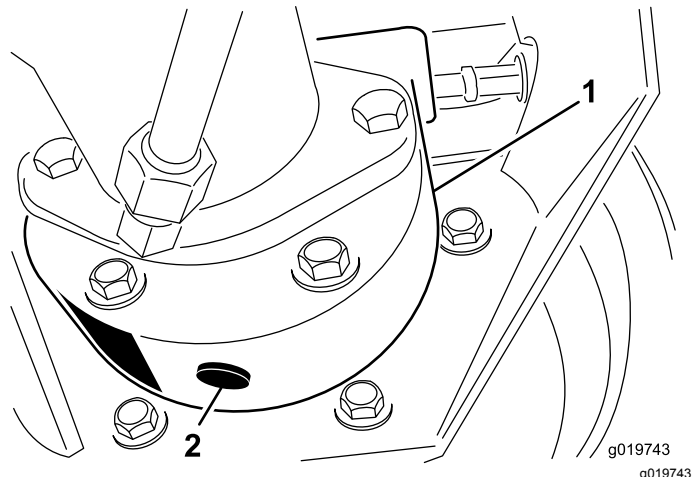


Figure 44

1. Brake housing
2. Drain plug

4. When all of the oil has drained from both locations, re-install the plug in the brake housing.

5. Rotate the wheel until the open plug hole in the planetary is at the twelve o'clock position.
6. Through the open hole, slowly fill the planetary with 0.65 liter (22 ounces) of high quality SAE 85W-140 wt. gear lube.

Important: If the planetary fills before the 0.65 liter (22 ounces) of oil is added, wait one hour or install the plug and move the machine approximately ten feet to distribute the oil through the brake system. Then, remove the plug and add the remaining oil.

7. Re-install the plug.
8. Repeat the procedure on the opposite planetary/brake assembly.

Checking the Rear Axle Lubricant

Service Interval: Every 400 hours

The rear axle is shipped from the factory filled with SAE 85W-140 wt. gear lube. Check the oil level before the engine is first started and every 400 hours thereafter. The capacity is 2.4 liters. (80 oz). Visually inspect for leaks daily.

1. Position the machine on a level surface.
2. Remove a check plug from one end of the axle (Figure 45) and make sure that the lubricant is up to the bottom of the hole. If the level is low, remove the fill plug (Figure 45) and add enough lubricant to bring the level up to the bottom of the check plug holes.

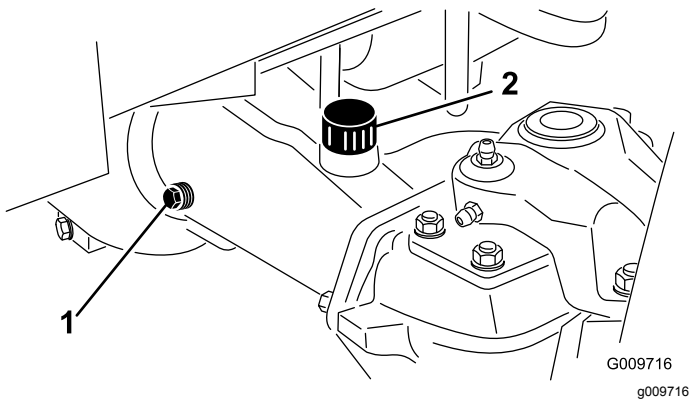


Figure 45

1. Check plug
2. Fill plug

Changing the Rear Axle Lubricant

Service Interval: After the first 200 hours
Every 800 hours

1. Position the machine on a level surface.
2. Clean the area around the 3 drain plugs, 1 on each end and 1 in the center (Figure 46).

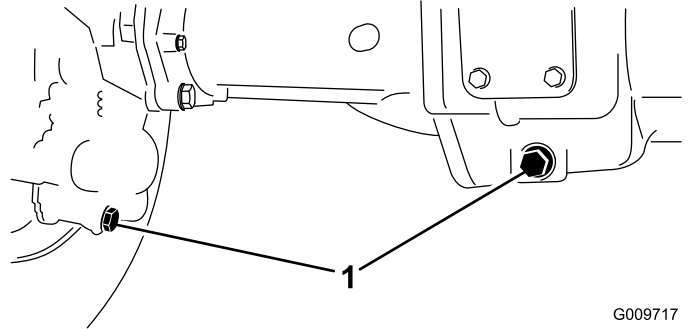


Figure 46

1. Drain plug location

3. Remove the (3) oil level check plugs and main axle vent cap to ease in draining of the oil.
4. Remove the drain plugs and allow the oil to drain into the pans.
5. Install the plugs.
6. Remove a check plug and fill axle with approximately 2.4 liters. (80 oz.) of 85W-140 gear lube or until lubricant is up to bottom of hole.
7. Install check plug.

Checking the Rear Wheel Toe-In

Service Interval: Every 800 hours/Yearly (whichever comes first)

1. Measure the center-to-center distance (at axle height) at the front and rear of the steering tires. The front measurement must be 3 mm (1/8 inch) less than the rear measurement (Figure 47).

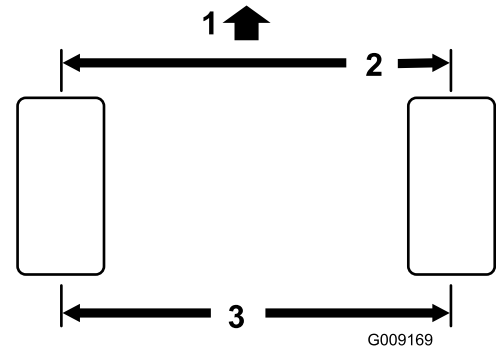


Figure 47

1. Front of traction unit
2. 1/8 inch less than rear of tire
3. Center to center distance

2. To adjust, remove the cotter pin and nut from either tie rod ball joint ([Figure 48](#)). Remove tie rod ball joint from axle case support.

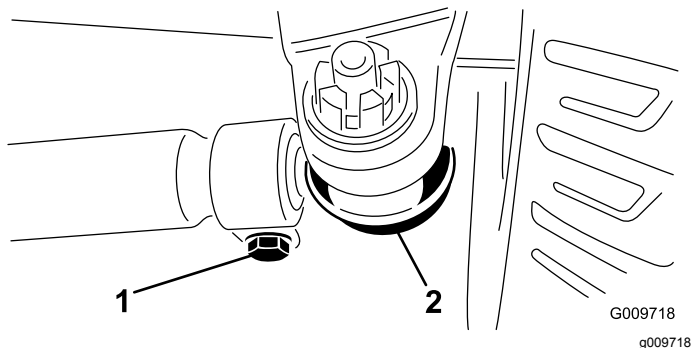


Figure 48

1. Tie rod clamp
2. Tie rod ball joint

3. Loosen the clamps at both ends of the tie rods ([Figure 48](#)).
4. Rotate the detached ball joint inward or outward one (1) complete revolution. Tighten clamp at loose end of tie rod.
5. Rotate the entire tie rod assembly the same direction (inward or outward) one (1) complete revolution. Tighten clamp at connected end of tie rod.
6. Install the ball joint in the axle case support and tighten the nut finger tight. Measure toe-in.
7. Repeat procedure if necessary.
8. Tighten the nut and install a new cotter pin when the adjustment is correct.

Cooling System Maintenance

Servicing the Engine Cooling System

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Remove debris from the engine area, oil cooler and radiator daily. Clean them more frequently in dirty conditions.

This machine is equipped with a hydraulically driven fan drive system that automatically (or manually) reverses to reduce oil cooler/radiator and screen debris build-up. While this feature can help reduce the time required to clean oil cooler/radiator, it does not eliminate the need for routine cleaning. Periodic cleaning and inspection of the radiator/cooler is still required.

1. Unlatch and swing open the rear screen ([Figure 49](#)). Clean the screen thoroughly of all debris.

Note: To remove screen, lift off hinge pins.

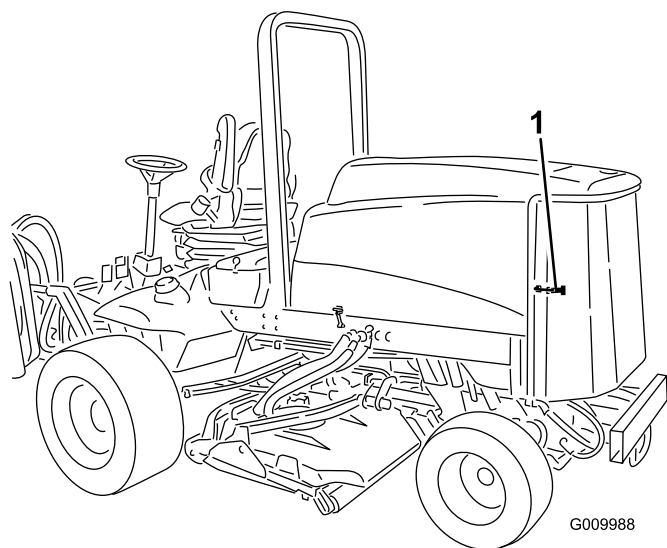


Figure 49

1. Rear screen latch
-
2. Clean both sides of the oil cooler/radiator area ([Figure 50](#)) thoroughly with compressed air. Start from the front and blow the debris out towards the back. Then clean from the back side and blow towards the front. Repeat procedure several times until all chaff and debris is removed.

Brake Maintenance

Adjusting the Service Brakes

Adjust the service brakes when there is more than 25 mm (1 inch) of “free travel” of the brake pedal, or when the brakes do not work effectively. Free travel is the distance the brake pedal moves before braking resistance is felt.

1. Disengage the locking latch from the brake pedals so that both pedals work independently of each other.
2. To reduce free travel of the brake pedals, tighten the brakes:
 - A. Loosen the front nut on the threaded end of the brake cable ([Figure 51](#)).

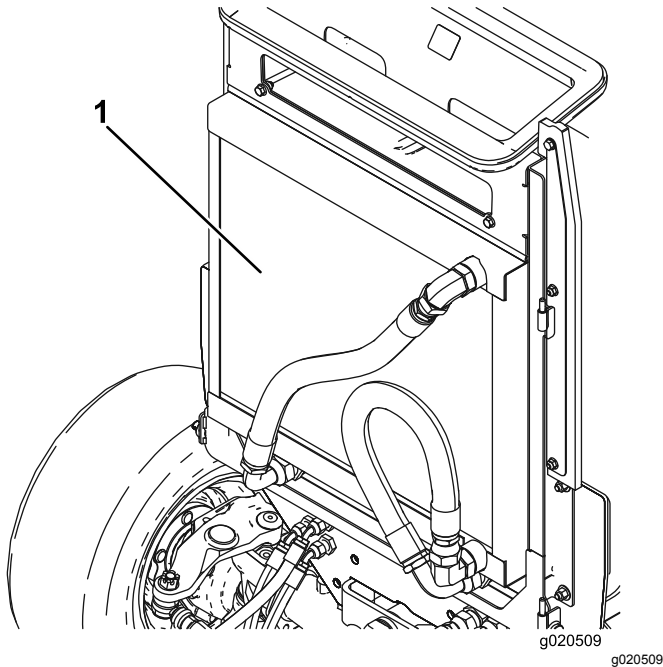


Figure 50

1. Oil cooler/radiator

Important: Cleaning the oil cooler/radiator with water will promote premature corrosion damage to components and compact debris.

3. Close the rear screen and secure it with the latch.

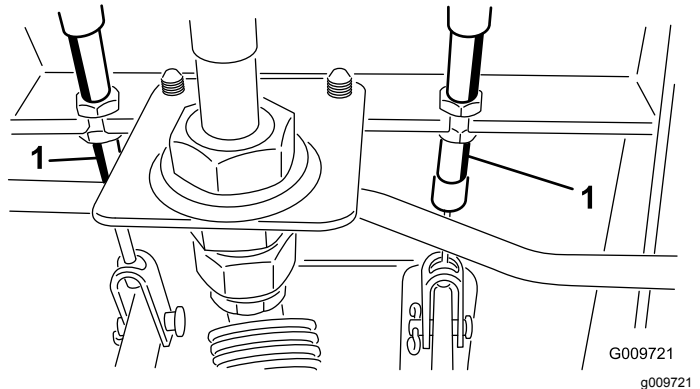


Figure 51

1. Brake cable

-
- B. Tighten the rear nut to move the cable backward until the brake pedals have 13 to 25 mm (1/2 to 1 inch) of free travel.
 - C. Tighten the front nuts after the brakes are adjusted correctly.

Belt Maintenance

Servicing the Alternator Belt

Service Interval: Every 100 hours

Check the condition and tension of the belts (Figure 52) after every 100 operating hours.

1. Proper tension will allow 10 mm (3/8 inch) deflection when a force of 44 N (10 lb.) is applied on the belt midway between the pulleys.
2. If the deflection is not 10 mm (3/8 inch), loosen the alternator mounting bolts (Figure 52). Increase or decrease the alternator belt tension and tighten the bolts. Check the deflection of the belt again to ensure that the tension is correct.

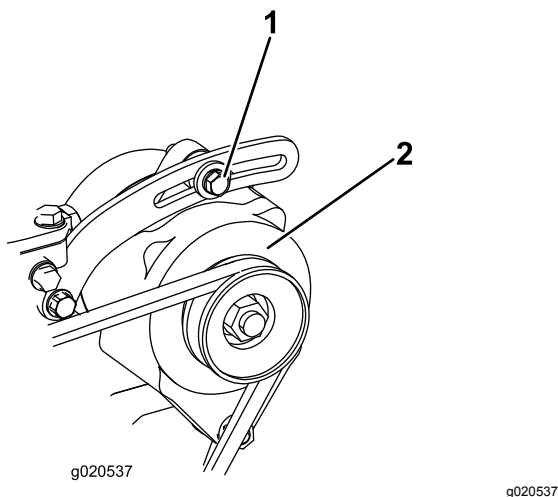


Figure 52

1. Mounting bolt

2. Alternator

Hydraulic System Maintenance

Changing the Hydraulic Fluid

Service Interval: Every 800 hours

Change the hydraulic fluid after every 800 operating hours, in normal conditions. If the fluid becomes contaminated, contact your local Toro distributor because the system must be flushed. Contaminated fluid looks milky or black when compared to clean oil.

1. Turn the engine off and raise the hood.
2. Disconnect the case return line from the bottom of the reservoir and let the hydraulic fluid flow into a large drain pan. Connect the line when the hydraulic fluid stops draining.
3. Fill the reservoir with approximately 28.4 liters (7.5 U.S. gallons) of hydraulic fluid; refer to Checking the Hydraulic Fluid.

Important: Use only the hydraulic fluids specified. Other fluids could cause system damage.

4. Install the reservoir cap. Start the engine and use all of the hydraulic controls to distribute hydraulic fluid throughout the system. Also check for leaks; then stop the engine.
5. Check the fluid level and add enough to raise level the level to the FULL mark on the dipstick. Do not overfill.

Replacing the Hydraulic Filters

Service Interval: After the first 200 hours

Every 800 hours

Change the 2 hydraulic filters initially after the first 200 operating hours. Thereafter, change the filters after every 800 operating hours, in normal conditions.

Use Toro replacement filters Part No. 94-2621 for the rear (cutting unit) of the machine and 75-1310 for the front (charge) of the machine.

Important: Use of any other filter may void the warranty on some components.

1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting units, stop the engine, engage the parking brakes, and remove the ignition key.
2. Clean the area around the filter mounting area. Place a drain pan under the filter and remove the filter (Figure 53 and Figure 54).

3. Lubricate the new filter gasket and fill the filter with hydraulic fluid.

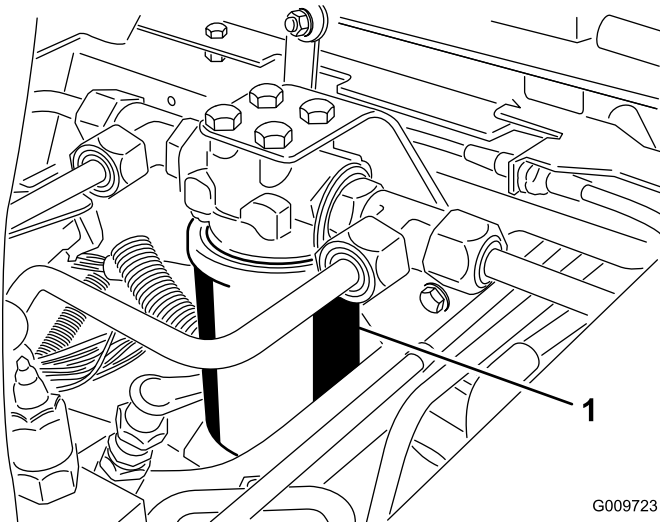


Figure 53

1. Hydraulic filter

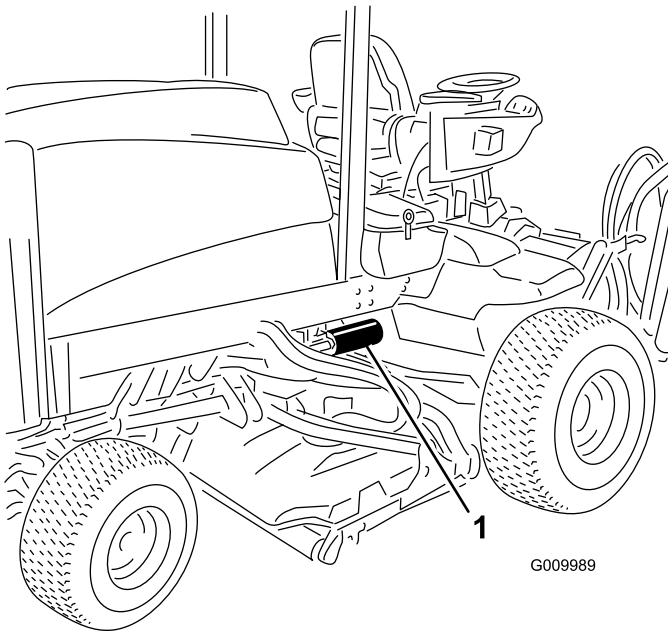


Figure 54

1. Hydraulic filter

4. Ensure that the filter mounting area is clean. Screw the filter on until the gasket contacts the mounting plate; then tighten the filter an additional 1/2 turn.
5. Start the engine and let it run for about two minutes to purge air from the system. Stop the engine and check for leaks.

Checking the Hydraulic Lines and Hoses

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

Inspect the hydraulic lines and hoses daily for leaks, kinked lines, loose mounting supports, wear, loose fittings, weather deterioration, and chemical deterioration. Make all necessary repairs before operating.

⚠ WARNING

Hydraulic fluid escaping under pressure can penetrate skin and cause injury.

- Make sure all hydraulic fluid hoses and lines are in good condition and all hydraulic connections and fittings are tight before applying pressure to the hydraulic system.
- Keep your body and hands away from pin hole leaks or nozzles that eject high pressure hydraulic fluid.
- Use cardboard or paper to find hydraulic leaks.
- Safely relieve all pressure in the hydraulic system before performing any work on the hydraulic system.
- Seek immediate medical attention if fluid is injected into skin.

Cutting Deck Maintenance

Separating the Cutting Decks from the Traction Unit

1. Position the machine on a level surface, lower the cutting decks to the floor, shut the engine off, and engage the parking brake.
2. Disconnect and remove the hydraulic motor from the deck (Figure 55). Cover the top of the spindle to prevent contamination.

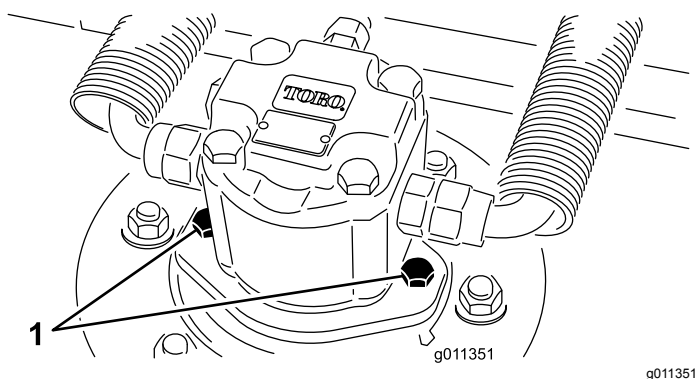


Figure 55

1. Motor mounting screws

3. Remove the lynch pin or retaining nut (GM 4700 only) securing the deck carrier frame to the lift arm pivot pin (Figure 56).

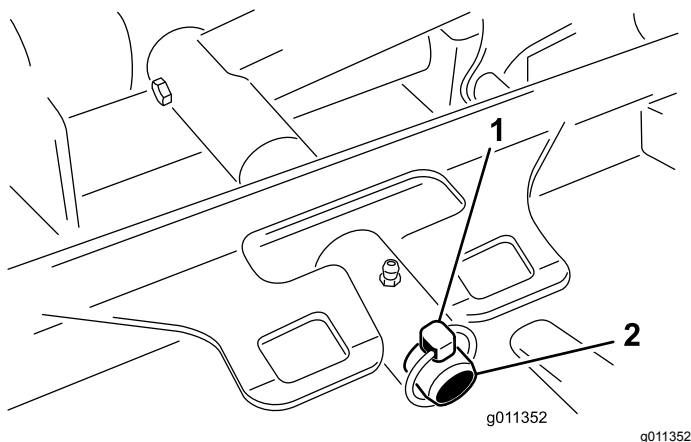


Figure 56

1. Lynch pin
2. Lift arm pivot pin

4. Roll the cutting deck away from the traction unit.

Mounting the Cutting Decks to the Traction Unit

1. Position machine on a level surface and shut engine off.
2. Move cutting deck into position in front of traction unit.
3. Slide deck carrier frame onto lift arm pivot pin. Secure with lynch pin or retaining nut (GM 4700 only) (Figure 56).
4. Install the hydraulic motor to the deck (Figure 55). Make sure that the O-ring is in position and not damaged.
5. Grease the spindle.

Servicing the Blade Plane

The rotary deck comes from the factory preset at 5 cm (2.00 inch) height-of-cut and blade rake of 7.9 mm (0.310 inch). The left-hand and right-hand heights are also preset to within ± 0.7 mm (0.030 inch) of the other.

The cutting deck is designed to withstand blade impacts without deformation of the chamber. If a solid object is struck, inspect the blade for damage and the blade plane for accuracy.

Inspecting the Blade Plane

1. Remove the hydraulic motor from the cutting deck and remove the cutting deck from the tractor.
2. Use a hoist (or minimum of two people) and place the cutting deck on a flat table
3. Mark one end of the blade with a paint pen or marker. Use this end of the blade to check all heights.
4. Position the cutting edge of the marked end of the blade at 12 o'clock (straight ahead in the direction of mowing) (Figure 57) and measure height from table to cutting edge of blade.

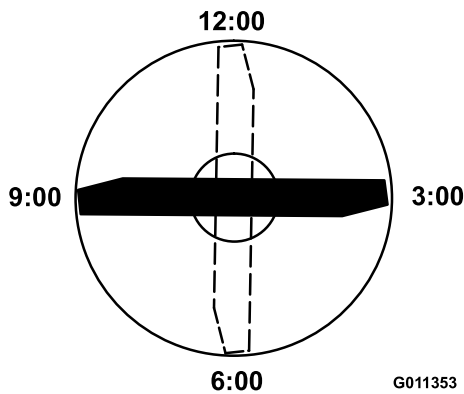


Figure 57

g011353

5. Rotate the marked end of the blade to the 3 and 9 o'clock positions (Figure 57) and measure the heights.
6. Compare the 12 o'clock measured height to the height-of-cut setting. It should be within 0.7 mm (0.030 inch). The 3 and 9 o'clock heights should be 3.8 ± 2.2 mm (0.150 ± 0.090 inch) higher than the 12 o'clock setting and within 2.2 mm (0.090 inch) of each other.

If any of these measurements are not within specification, proceed to Adjusting the Blade Plane.

Adjusting the Blade Plane

Start with the front adjustment (change one bracket at a time).

1. Remove the height-of-cut bracket, (front, left, or right) from the deck frame (Figure 58).
2. Adjust 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) shims and/or 0.7 mm (0.030 inch) shim between the deck frame and bracket to achieve the desired height setting (Figure 58).

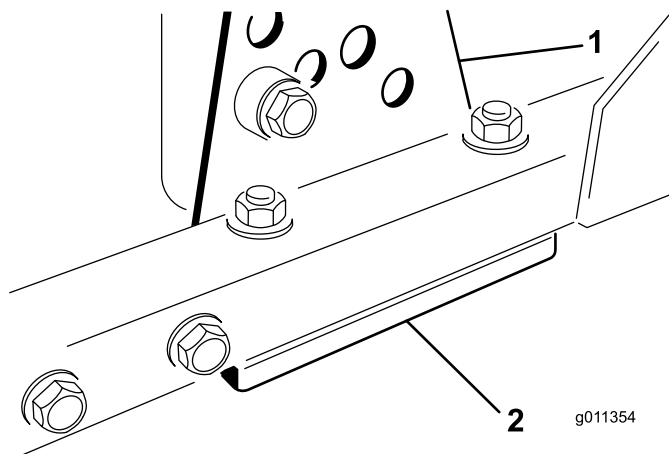


Figure 58

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1. Height of cut bracket
2. Shims

3. Install the height-of-cut bracket to the deck frame with the remaining shims assembled below the height-of-cut bracket.
 4. Secure the socket head bolt/spacer and flange nut.
- Note:** Socket head bolt/spacer are held together with Loctite to prevent the spacer from falling inside the deck frame.
5. Verify the 12 o'clock height and adjust if needed.
 6. Determine if only one or both (right-hand and left-hand) height-of-cut brackets need to be adjusted. If the 3 or 9 o'clock side is 3.8 ± 2.2 mm (0.150 ± 0.090 inch) higher than the new front height then no adjustment is needed for that side. Adjust the other side to within ± 2.2 mm (0.090 inch) of the correct side.
 7. Adjust the right and/or left height-of-cut brackets by repeating steps 1 through 3.
 8. Secure the carriage bolts and flange nuts.
 9. Again, verify the 12, 3, and 9 o'clock heights.

Servicing the Cutter Blade

Removing the Cutter Blade

The blade must be replaced if a solid object is hit, the blade is out of balance, or if the blade is bent. Always use genuine Toro replacement blades to be sure of safety and optimum performance. Never use replacement blades made by other manufacturers because they could be dangerous.

1. Raise the cutting deck to the highest position, shut the engine off, and engage the parking brake. Block the cutting deck to prevent it from falling accidentally.
2. Grasp the end of the blade using a rag or thickly padded glove. Remove the blade bolt, anti-scalp cup, and blade from the spindle shaft (Figure 59).

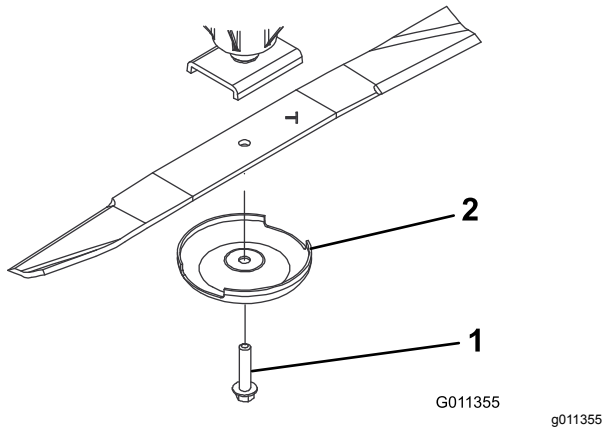


Figure 59

1. Blade bolt
2. Anti-scalp cup

3. Install the blade, sail facing toward the cutting deck, with the anti-scalp cup and blade bolt (Figure 59). Tighten blade bolt to 115–149 N-m (85–110 ft-lb).

⚠ DANGER

A worn or damaged blade can break, and a piece of the blade could be thrown into the operator's or bystander's area, resulting in serious personal injury or death

- Inspect the blade periodically for wear or damage.
- Never weld a broken or cracked blade.
- Always replace a worn or damaged blade.

Inspecting and Sharpening the Blade

1. Raise the cutting deck to the highest position, shut the engine off, and engage the parking brake. Block the cutting deck to prevent it from falling accidentally.
2. Examine the cutting ends of the blade carefully, especially where the flat and curved parts of the blade meet (Figure 60). Since sand and abrasive material can wear away the metal that connects the flat and curved parts of the blade, check the blade before using the machine. If wear is noticed (Figure 60), replace the blade; refer to Removing the Cutter Blade.

⚠ DANGER

If the blade is allowed to wear, a slot will form between the sail and flat part of the blade (Figure 60). Eventually a piece of the blade may break off and be thrown from under the housing, possibly resulting in serious injury to yourself or bystanders.

- Inspect the blade periodically for wear or damage.
- Always replace a worn or damaged blade.

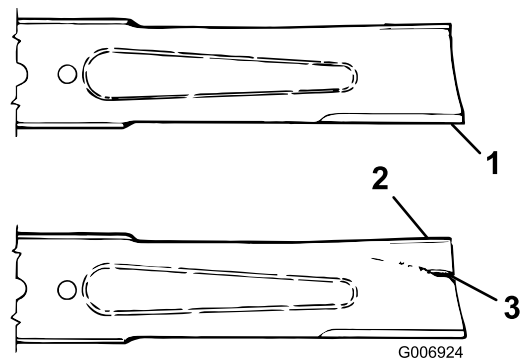


Figure 60

1. Cutting edge
2. Sail
3. Wear/slot/crack

3. Inspect the cutting edges of all blades. Sharpen the cutting edges if they are dull or nicked. Sharpen only the top of the cutting edge and maintain the original cutting angle to make sure of sharpness (Figure 61). The blade will remain balanced if the same amount of metal is removed from both cutting edges.

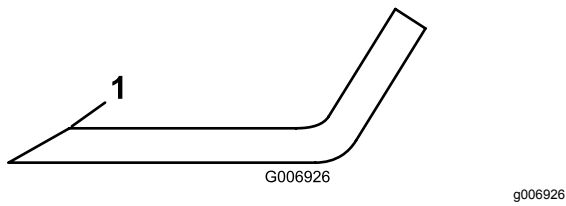


Figure 61

1. Sharpen at this angle only

4. To check the blade for being straight and parallel, lay the blade on a level surface and check its ends. The ends of the blade must be slightly lower than the center, and the cutting edge must be lower than the heel of the blade. This blade will produce good quality of cut and require minimal power from the engine. By contrast a blade that is higher at the ends than the center, or if cutting edge is higher than the heel, the blade is bent or warped and must be replaced.
5. Install the blade, sail facing toward cutting deck, with the anti-scalp cup and blade bolt. Tighten the blade bolt to 115–149 N-m (85–110 ft-lb).

bearing race. There should be a 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) lip of inner race exposed.

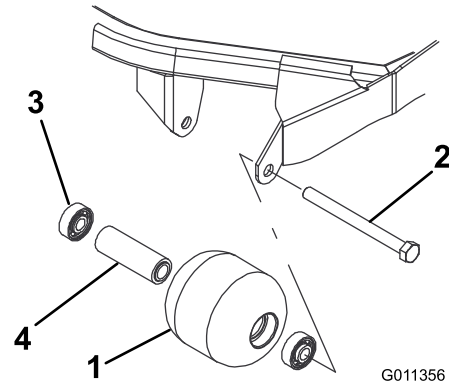


Figure 62

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Front roller | 3. Bearing |
| 2. Mounting bolt | 4. Bearing spacer |

3. Push the second bearing out in press.
4. Inspect the roller housing, bearings, and bearing spacer for damage (Figure 62). Replace damaged components and assemble.

Checking the Blade Stopping Time

Service Interval: Before each use or daily

The blades of the cutting deck should come to a complete stop in approximately 5 seconds after you shut down the cutting deck engagement switch.

Note: Make sure the decks are lowered onto a clean section of turf or hard surface to avoid thrown dust and debris.

To verify this stopping time, have a second person stand back from the deck at least 6 m (20 feet) and watch the blades on one of the cutting decks. Have the operator shut the cutting decks down and record the time it takes for the blades to come to a complete stop. If this time is greater than 7 seconds, the braking valve needs adjustment. Call your Toro Distributor for assistance in making this adjustment.

Servicing the Front Roller

Inspect the front roller for wear, excess wobble, or binding. Service or replace the roller or components if any of these conditions exist.

Disassembling the Front Roller

1. Remove the roller mounting bolt (Figure 62).
2. Insert a punch through the end of the roller housing and drive the opposite bearing out by alternating taps to the opposite side of inner

Assembling the Front Roller

1. Press the first bearing into the roller housing (Figure 62). Press on the outer race only or equally on the inner and outer race.
2. Insert the spacer (Figure 62).
3. Press the second bearing into the roller housing (Figure 62). Pressing equally on the inner and outer race until the inner race comes in contact with the spacer.
4. Install the roller assembly into the deck frame.
5. Verify that there is no more than a 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) gap between roller assembly and the roller mount brackets of the deck frame. If there is a gap over 1.5 mm (0.060 inch), install enough 5/8 inch diameter washers to take up the slop.

Important: Securing the roller assembly with a gap larger than 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) creates a side load on the bearing and can lead to premature bearing failure

6. Tighten the mounting bolt to 108 N-m (80 ft-lb).

Storage

anti-freeze as needed for the expected minimum temperature in your area.

Traction Unit

1. Thoroughly clean the traction unit, cutting units, and the engine.
2. Check the tire pressure; refer to Checking the Tire Pressure.
3. Check all fasteners for looseness; tighten as necessary.
4. Grease or oil all grease fittings and pivot points. Wipe up any excess lubricant.
5. Lightly sand and use touch-up paint on painted areas that are scratched, chipped, or rusted. Repair any dents in the metal body.
6. Service the battery and cables as follows:
 - A. Remove the battery terminals from the battery posts.
 - B. Clean the battery, terminals, and posts with a wire brush and baking soda solution.
 - C. Coat the cable terminals and battery posts with Grafo 112X skin-over grease (Toro Part No. 505-47) or petroleum jelly to prevent corrosion.
 - D. Slowly recharge the battery every 60 days for 24 hours to prevent lead sulfation of the battery.
7. Engage the transport latches (Groundsmaster 4700–D only).

Cutting Deck

If the cutting deck is separated from the traction unit for any length of time, install a spindle plug in the top of the spindle to protect the spindle from dust and water.

Engine

1. Drain the engine oil from the oil pan and install the drain plug.
2. Remove and discard the oil filter. Install a new oil filter.
3. Refill the oil pan with 5.7 liters (6 qts.) of SAE 15W-40 CH-4, CI-4, higher motor oil.
4. Start the engine and run it at idle speed for approximately two minutes.
5. Stop the engine.
6. Flush the fuel tank with fresh, clean diesel fuel.
7. Secure all of the fuel system fittings.
8. Thoroughly clean and service the air cleaner assembly.
9. Seal the air cleaner inlet and the exhaust outlet with weatherproof tape.
10. Check the anti freeze protection and add a 50/50 solution of water and ethylene glycol

Notes:

Notes:



The Toro Total Coverage Guarantee

A Limited Warranty

Conditions and Products Covered

The Toro Company and its affiliate, Toro Warranty Company, pursuant to an agreement between them, jointly warrant your Toro Commercial product ("Product") to be free from defects in materials or workmanship for two years or 1500 operational hours*, whichever occurs first. This warranty is applicable to all products with the exception of Aerators (refer to separate warranty statements for these products). Where a warrantable condition exists, we will repair the Product at no cost to you including diagnostics, labor, parts, and transportation. This warranty begins on the date the Product is delivered to the original retail purchaser.

* Product equipped with an hour meter.

Instructions for Obtaining Warranty Service

You are responsible for notifying the Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Commercial Products Dealer from whom you purchased the Product as soon as you believe a warrantable condition exists. If you need help locating a Commercial Products Distributor or Authorized Dealer, or if you have questions regarding your warranty rights or responsibilities, you may contact us at:

Toro Commercial Products Service Department
Toro Warranty Company
8111 Lyndale Avenue South
Bloomington, MN 55420-1196

952-888-8801 or 800-952-2740
E-mail: commercial.warranty@toro.com

Owner Responsibilities

As the Product owner, you are responsible for required maintenance and adjustments stated in your *Operator's Manual*. Failure to perform required maintenance and adjustments can be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim.

Items and Conditions Not Covered

Not all product failures or malfunctions that occur during the warranty period are defects in materials or workmanship. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Product failures which result from the use of non-Toro replacement parts, or from installation and use of add-on, or modified non-Toro branded accessories and products. A separate warranty may be provided by the manufacturer of these items.
- Product failures which result from failure to perform recommended maintenance and/or adjustments. Failure to properly maintain your Toro product per the Recommended Maintenance listed in the *Operator's Manual* can result in claims for warranty being denied.
- Product failures which result from operating the Product in an abusive, negligent, or reckless manner.
- Parts subject to consumption through use unless found to be defective. Examples of parts which are consumed, or used up, during normal Product operation include, but are not limited to, brake pads and linings, clutch linings, blades, reels, rollers and bearings (sealed or greasable), bed knives, spark plugs, castor wheels and bearings, tires, filters, belts, and certain sprayer components such as diaphragms, nozzles, and check valves, etc.
- Failures caused by outside influence. Conditions considered to be outside influence include, but are not limited to, weather, storage practices, contamination, use of unapproved fuels, coolants, lubricants, additives, fertilizers, water, or chemicals, etc.
- Failure or performance issues due to the use of fuels (e.g. gasoline, diesel, or biodiesel) that do not conform to their respective industry standards.

- Normal noise, vibration, wear and tear, and deterioration.
- Normal "wear and tear" includes, but is not limited to, damage to seats due to wear or abrasion, worn painted surfaces, scratched decals or windows, etc.

Parts

Parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance are warranted for the period of time up to the scheduled replacement time for that part. Parts replaced under this warranty are covered for the duration of the original product warranty and become the property of Toro. Toro will make the final decision whether to repair any existing part or assembly or replace it. Toro may use remanufactured parts for warranty repairs.

Deep Cycle and Lithium-Ion Battery Warranty:

Deep cycle and Lithium-Ion batteries have a specified total number of kilowatt-hours they can deliver during their lifetime. Operating, recharging, and maintenance techniques can extend or reduce total battery life. As the batteries in this product are consumed, the amount of useful work between charging intervals will slowly decrease until the battery is completely worn out. Replacement of worn out batteries, due to normal consumption, is the responsibility of the product owner. Battery replacement may be required during the normal product warranty period at owner's expense. Note: (Lithium-Ion battery only): A Lithium-Ion battery has a part only prorated warranty beginning year 3 through year 5 based on the time in service and kilowatt hours used. Refer to the *Operator's Manual* for additional information.

Maintenance is at Owner's Expense

Engine tune-up, lubrication, cleaning and polishing, replacement of filters, coolant, and completing recommended maintenance are some of the normal services Toro products require that are at the owner's expense.

General Conditions

Repair by an Authorized Toro Distributor or Dealer is your sole remedy under this warranty.

Neither The Toro Company nor Toro Warranty Company is liable for indirect, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the use of the Toro Products covered by this warranty, including any cost or expense of providing substitute equipment or service during reasonable periods of malfunction or non-use pending completion of repairs under this warranty. Except for the Emissions warranty referenced below, if applicable, there is no other express warranty. All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for use are limited to the duration of this express warranty.

Some states do not allow exclusions of incidental or consequential damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Note regarding engine warranty:

The Emissions Control System on your Product may be covered by a separate warranty meeting requirements established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or the California Air Resources Board (CARB). The hour limitations set forth above do not apply to the Emissions Control System Warranty. Refer to the Engine Emission Control Warranty Statement supplied with your product or contained in the engine manufacturer's documentation for details.

Countries Other than the United States or Canada

Customers who have purchased Toro products exported from the United States or Canada should contact their Toro Distributor (Dealer) to obtain guarantee policies for your country, province, or state. If for any reason you are dissatisfied with your Distributor's service or have difficulty obtaining guarantee information, contact the Toro importer.